

Formal Setting: MAB

Simplified RL: no states & no transitions

$\mathcal{A}: 1, \dots, K$ "arms"

$r: \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \Delta(\mathbb{R})$ noisy $r_t \sim r(a_t)$
 $r(r_t | a_t) \in [0, 1]$

$$\mathbb{E}(r(a)) = \mu_a$$

$T: \mathbb{Z}_+$ integer time horizon

Goal: maximize cumulative expected reward

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{t=1}^T r(a_t)\right] = \sum_{t=1}^T \mu_{a_t}$$

Optimal action: $a^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{a=1, \dots, K} \mu_a$

Devise an algorithm for balancing exploration and exploitation

Definition (Regret)

The regret of an algorithm which chooses a_1, \dots, a_T

$$\begin{aligned} R(T) &= \mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{t=1}^T r(a^*) - r(a_t)\right] \\ &= \sum_{t=1}^T \mu^* - \mu_{a_t} \end{aligned}$$

want to find an algorithm sublinear in regret

$$R(T) \stackrel{?}{\sim} T^p \quad p < 1$$

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{R(T)}{T} \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{in this case}$$

Balancing exploration & exploitation

Alg 1: Random

for $t=1, \dots, T$:

$$a_t \sim \text{unif}(1, \dots, K)$$

Alg 2: Greedy

Try each arm once

compute $\hat{\mu}_{a_t} = r_t$

for $t = K+1, \dots, T$

$$a_t = \arg \max_a \hat{\mu}_a$$

Both suffer from linear regret

Why? $R(T) = \sum_{t=1}^T \mathbb{E}[r(a^*) - r(a_t)]$

$$\rightarrow \sum_{t=1}^T \mathbb{E}[(r(a^*) - r(a_t)) \mathbb{1}_{\{a_t \neq a^*\}}]$$

$$\rightarrow \sum_{\substack{t: \\ a_t \neq a^*}} (\mu^* - \mu_{a_t}) \mathbb{P}\{a_t \neq a^*\}$$

constant w.r.t t

$$\geq \sum_{t=1}^T \left[\min_{a \neq a^*} (\mu^* - \mu_a) \right] \cdot \mathbb{P}\{a_t \neq a^*\} \geq CT$$

Alg 3: Explore-then-commit

Pull each arm N times ($t=1, \dots, NK$) } exploration
 compute $\hat{\mu}_a$ as average observed reward

for $t = NK+1, \dots, T$

$$a_t = \arg \max_a \hat{\mu}_a = \hat{a}^*$$

} exploitation (commit)

$$R(T) = \underbrace{\sum_{t=1}^{NK} \mathbb{E}(r(a^*) - r(a_t))}_{R_1} + \sum_{NK+1}^T \mathbb{E}(r(a^*) - r(a_t))_{R_2}$$

Claim: $R_1 \leq NK$ for reward bounded $[0, 1]$