

EECS 373 F14 – HW2 – Solution Key
Prabal Dutta

Q1.a. LSL (immediate)

The LSL (immediate) instruction "shifts a register value left by an immediate number of bits, shifting in zeros, and writes the result to the destination register. It can optionally update the condition flags based on the result." Source: ARM ARM Section A7.7.67 of the document ARM DDI 0403D, ID021310.
web.eecs.umich.edu/~prabal/teaching/eecs373-f12/readings/ARMv7-M_ARM.pdf

Q1.b. Part (a)

LSR R2, R3, #3 → use encoding T1 b/c R2, R3 < R8 & #3 < 32
|000|01|00011|011|010|
 0000 1000 1101 1010
 0 8 D A

Part (b)

LSR R2, R3, #23 → use encoding T1 b/c R2, R3 < R8 & #23 < 32
|000|01|10111|011|010|
 0000 1101 1101 1010
 0 D D A

Part (c)

LSR R11, R3, #3 → use encoding T2 b/c R11 > R8
|11101|01|0010|0|1111|0|000|1011|11|01|0011|
 1110 1010 0100 1111 0000 1011 1101 0011
 E A 4 F 0 B D 3

Q2.a. Assume little endian, and entries in hex

Base Addr	00	01	02	03
=====	==	==	==	==
0x74000004	00	00	00	00
0x74000000	10	32	54	76
0x73FFFFFFC	EF	CD	AB	89
0x73FFFFF8	00	00	00	00

Q2.b. Fill out memory

```
mov r2, #100      // r2 <- 0x64
movw r1, #255     // r1 <- 0xFF
movt r1, #15       // r1 <- 0x000F00FF
strb r1, [r2, #2]! // mem(r2+2)<-byte(r1): [102]=0xFF; r2 <- 102
str r1, [r2], #1   // mem(r2)<-r1: [102]=0x000F00FF; r2<-103
strh r2, [r2, #-3] // mem(r2-3)<-hword(r2): [100]=0x0067
```

Mem	Val
====	====
100	0x67
101	0x00
102	0xFF
103	0x00
104	0xF
105	0x00
106	0x00
107	0x00

3. C program → Assembly program

```

void main() {
    int i, a=1;
    for (i=0;i<5;i++) {
        a = a + i;
        print(a);
    }
}

main:   push {r4, r5, lr} % callee save
        mov r4, #1          % a=0
        mov r5, #0          % i=0
loop:   cmp r5, #5          % i<5?
        bge done            % break
        add r4, r5          % a=a+i
        mov r0, r4          % pass a in r0
        bl  print            % call
        b   loop             % loop
done:   pop {r4, r5, pc} % callee restore

```

4. Assembly program → C program

```

movw r0, #0030
movt r0, #2008
ldr r1, [r0]
add r1, r1
str r1, [r0]

uint32_t* a = (uint32_t*)0x20080030;
*a += *a;

```

5. ABI-compliant that returns average or four integer arguments.

```

mean:  add r0, r0, r1
       add r0, r0, r2
       add r0, r0, r3
       lsr r0, r0, #2
       bx lr

```