

CS-184: Computer Graphics

Lecture #11: Texture and Other Maps

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Today

- Texture Mapping
 - 2D
 - 3D
 - Procedural
- Bump and Displacement Maps
- Environment Maps
- Shadow Maps

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Surface Detail

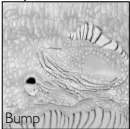
- Representing all detail in an image with polygons would be cumbersome



- Specific details
- Structured noise
- Pattern w/
randomness
- Section through
volume
- Bumps

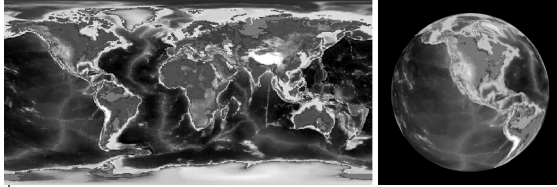
2D Texture Mapping of Images

- Use a 2D image and map it to the surface of an object



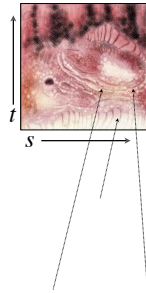
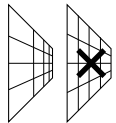
2D Texture Mapping of Images

- Example of texture distortion



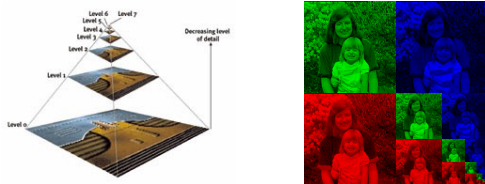
Texture Coordinates

- Assign coordinates to each vertex
- Within each triangle use linear interpolation
- Correct for distortion!



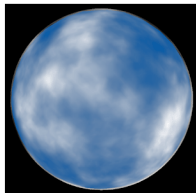
MIP Map

- Pre-compute filtered versions of the texture
 - A given UV rate is some level of the texture
 - Tri-linear filtering $UV \times \text{map level}$



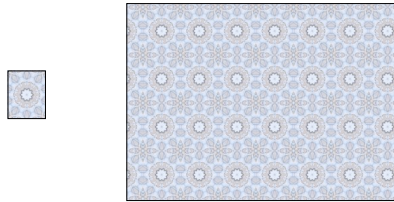
Procedural Textures

- Generate texture based on some function
 - Well suited for "random" textures
 - Often modulate some noise function



Repeating Textures

- Image Tiles allow repeating textures
 - Images must be manipulated to allow tiling
 - Often result in visible artifacts
 - Artifacts not an issue for artificial textures



Non-Color Textures

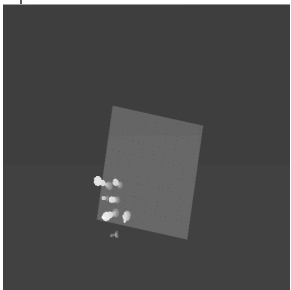


Shadow Maps

- Pre-render scene from perspective of light source
 - Only render Z-Buffer (the shadow buffer)
- Render scene from camera perspective
 - Compare with shadow buffer
 - If nearer light, if further shadow

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Shadow Maps



Shadow Buffer

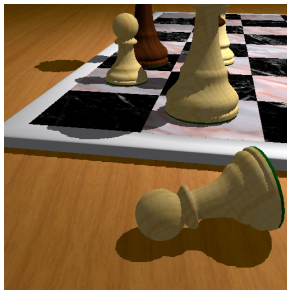


Image w/ Shadows

From Stamminger and Drettakis
SIGGRAPH 2002

Note: These images don't really go together; see the paper...

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