

Surface Detail

- Representing all detail in an image with polygons would be cumbersome

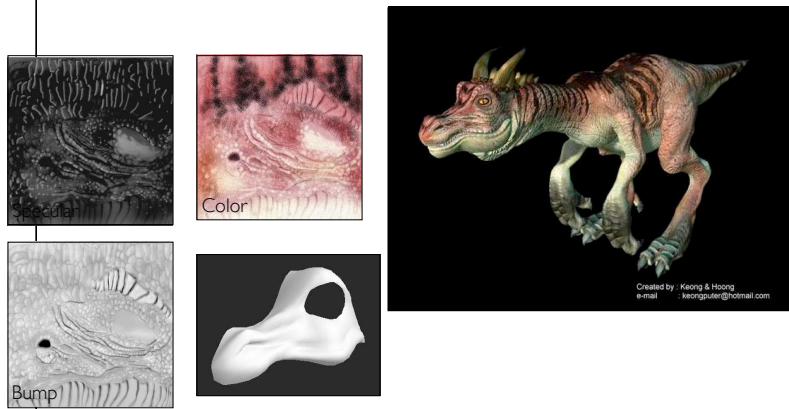


- Specific details
- Structured noise
- Pattern w/
randomness
- Section through
volume
- Bumps

3

2D Texture Mapping of Images

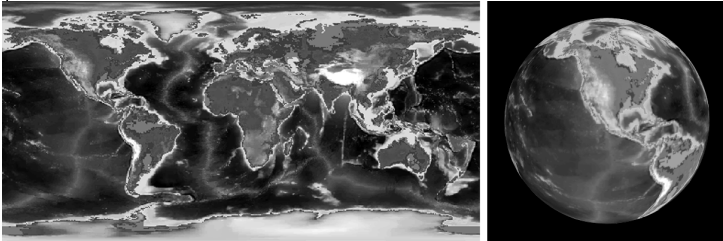
- Use a 2D image and map it to the surface of an object



4

2D Texture Mapping of Images

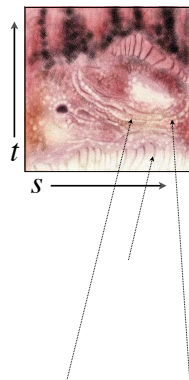
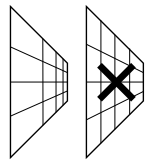
- Example of texture distortion



5

Texture Coordinates

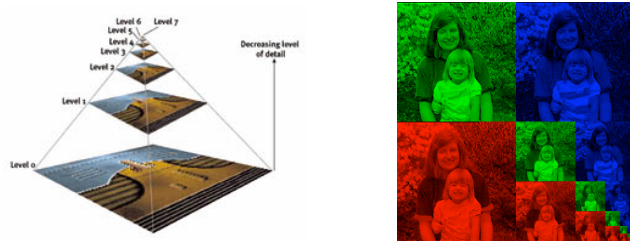
- Assign coordinates to each vertex
- Within each triangle use linear interpolation
- Correct for distortion!



6

MIP Map

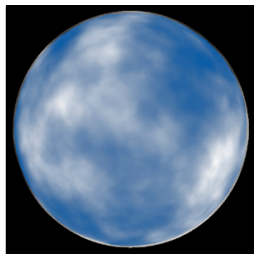
- Pre-compute filtered versions of the texture
 - A given UV rate is some level of the texture
 - Tri-linear filtering $UV \times \text{map level}$



7

Procedural Textures

- Generate texture based on some function
 - Well suited for "random" textures
 - Often modulate some noise function



8

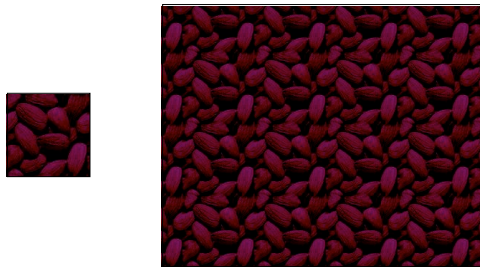
Assigning Texture Coordinates

- Map a simple shape onto object by projection
 - Sphere, cylinder, plane, cube
- Assign by hand
- Use some optimization procedure

9

Repeating Textures

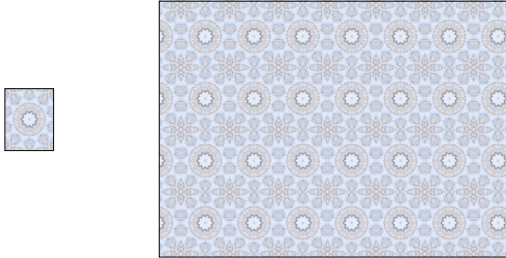
- Image Tiles allow repeating textures
 - Images must be manipulated to allow tiling
 - Often result in visible artifacts
 - There are methods to get around artifacts...



10

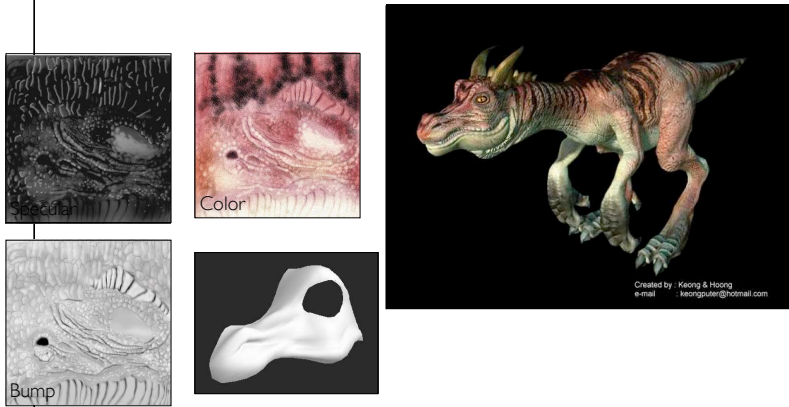
Repeating Textures

- Image Tiles allow repeating textures
 - Images must be manipulated to allow tiling
 - Often result in visible artifacts
 - Artifacts not an issue for artificial textures



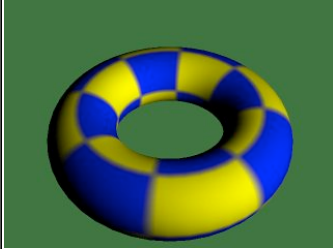
11

Non-Color Textures

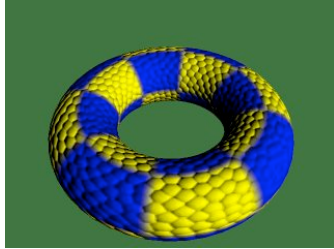


12

Bump Mapping



No bump mapping



With bump mapping

Images by Paul Baker
www.paulsprojects.net

13

13

Bump Mapping

- Add offset to normal
 - Offset is in texture coordinates S,T,N
 - Store normal offsets in RGB image components
 - Should use correctly orthonormal coordinate system
- Normal offsets from gradient of a grayscale image

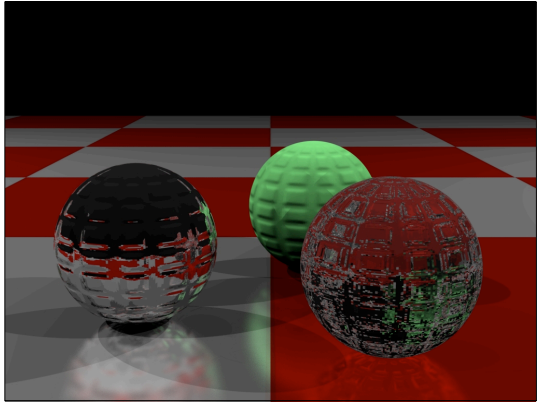
$$\mathbf{b}(u, v) = [s, t, n](u, v) = \nabla i(u, v)$$

$$\nabla = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial}{\partial v} \end{bmatrix}^T$$

14

14

Bump Map Example



Catherine Bendebury and Jonathan Michaels
CS 184 Spring 2005

15

Displacement Maps

- Actually move geometry based on texture map
 - Expensive and difficult to implement in many rendering systems
 - Note silhouette



Bump



Displacement

16

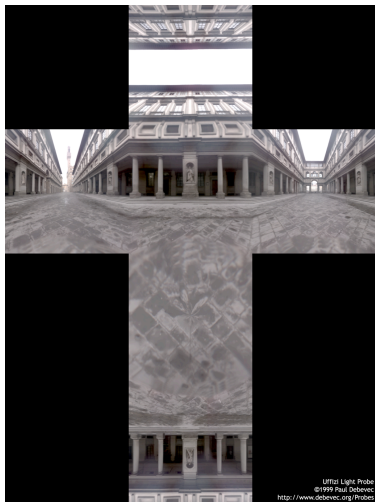
Environment Maps

- Environment maps allow crude reflections
- Treat object as infinitesimal
 - Reflection only based on surface normal
- Errors hard to notice for non-flat objects

17

17

Environment Maps



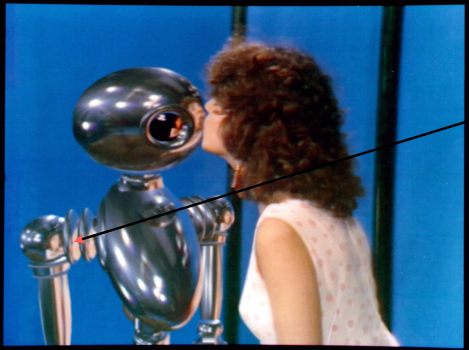
18

18

Sunday, October 6, 13

Environment Maps

- Used in 1985 in movie *Interface*
- Effect by group from the New York Institute of Technology

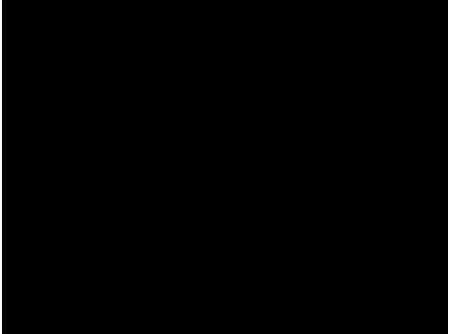


Note errors

21

Environment Maps

- Used in 1985 in movie *Interface*
- Effect by group from the New York Institute of Technology



22

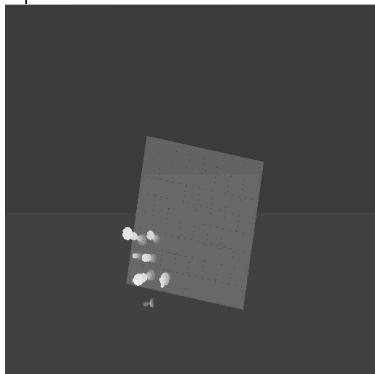
Shadow Maps

- Pre-render scene from perspective of light source
 - Only render Z-Buffer (the shadow buffer)
- Render scene from camera perspective
 - Compare with shadow buffer
 - If nearer light, if further shadow

23

23

Shadow Maps



Shadow Buffer



Image w/ Shadows

From Stamminger and Drettakis
SIGGRAPH 2002

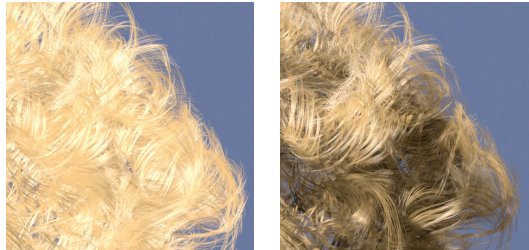
Note: These images don't really go together, see the paper.

24

24

Deep Shadow Maps

- Some objects only partially occlude light
 - A single shadow value will not work
 - Similar to transparency in Z-Buffer



From
Lokovic and Veach
SIGGRAPH 2000

25

25
