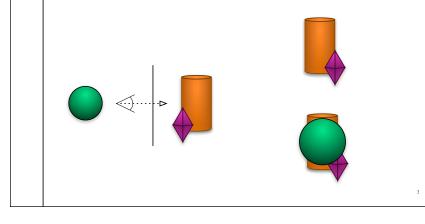
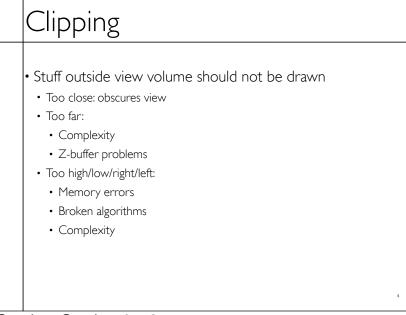
CS-184: Computer Graphics	
Lecture #10: Clipping and Hidden Surfaces	
Prof. James O'Brien University of California, Berkeley	

Today
<ul> <li>Clipping</li> <li>Clipping to view volume</li> <li>Clipping arbitrary polygons</li> <li>Hidden Surface Removal</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Z-Buffer</li><li>BSP Trees</li><li>Others</li></ul>

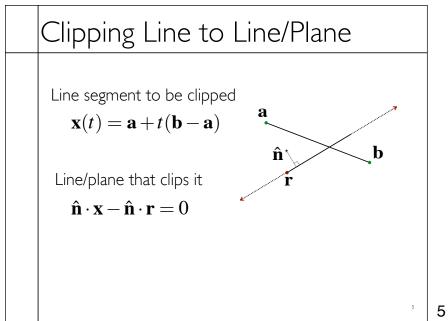
# Clipping

- Stuff outside view volume should not be drawn
- Too close: obscures view

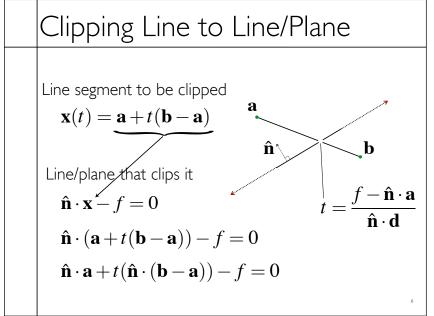




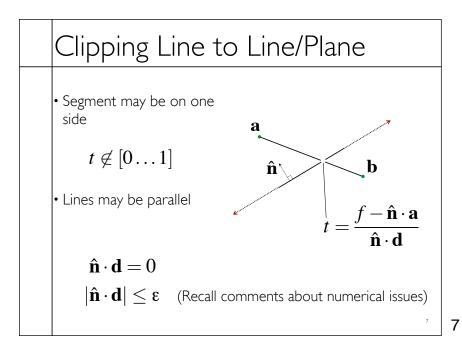
Sunday, October 6, 13



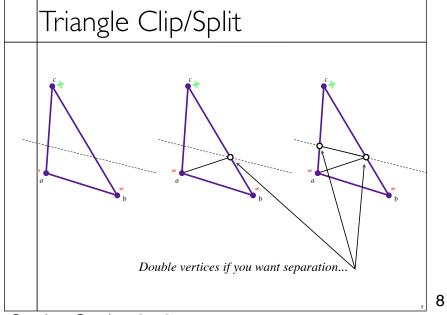














Sunday, October 6, 13

## Polygon Clip to Convex Domain

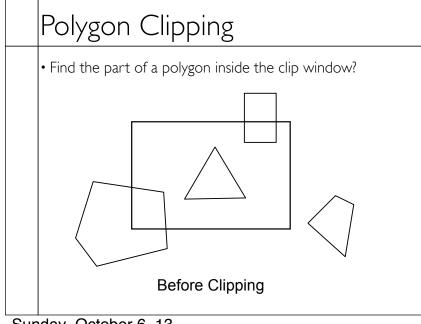
• Convex domain defined by collection of planes (or lines or hyper-planes)

• Planes have outward pointing normals

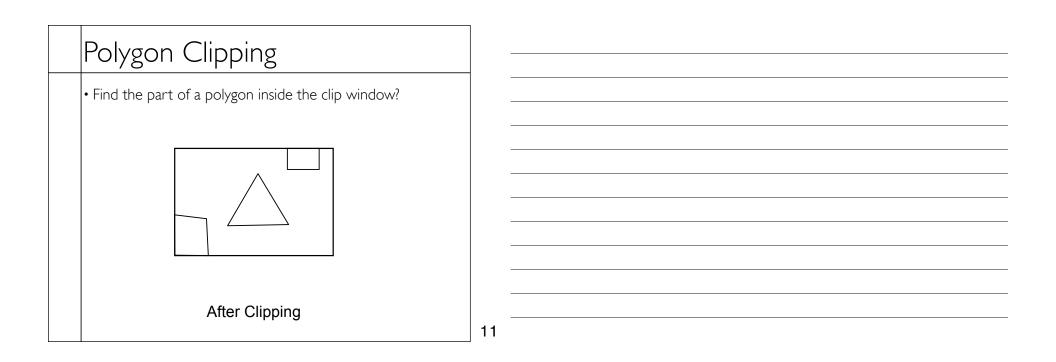
- Clip against each plane in turn
- Check for early/trivial rejection

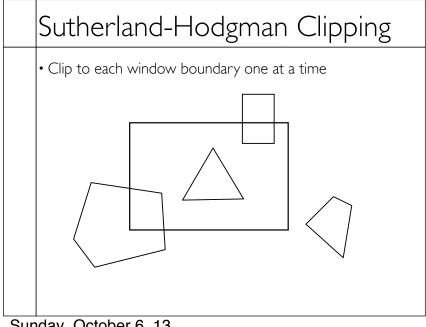
9

9

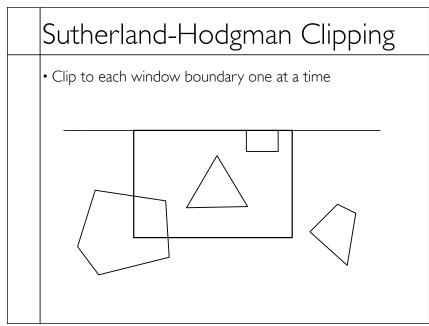




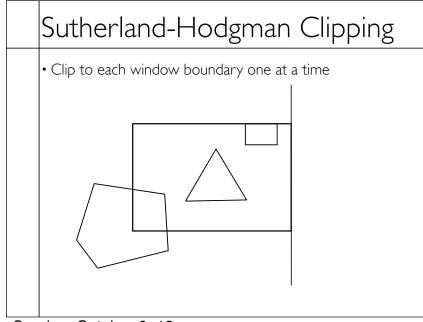






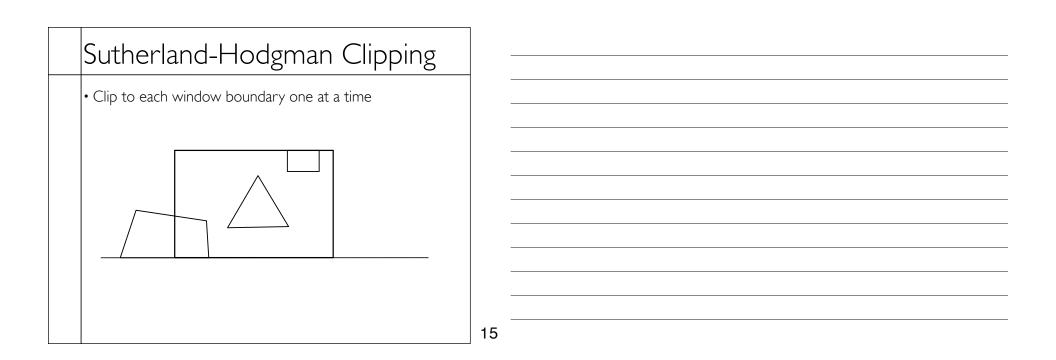


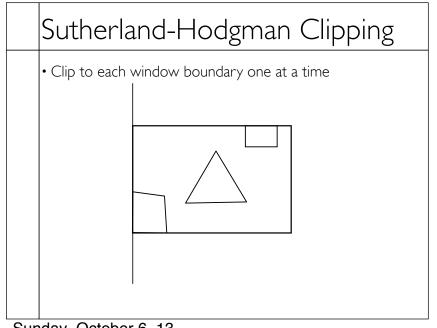




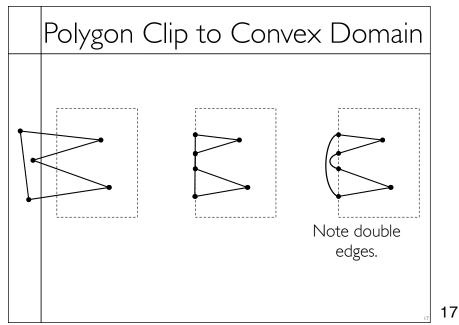


Sunday, October 6, 13

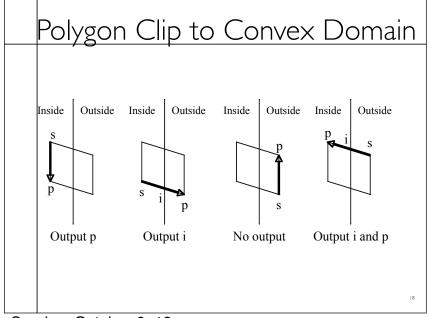




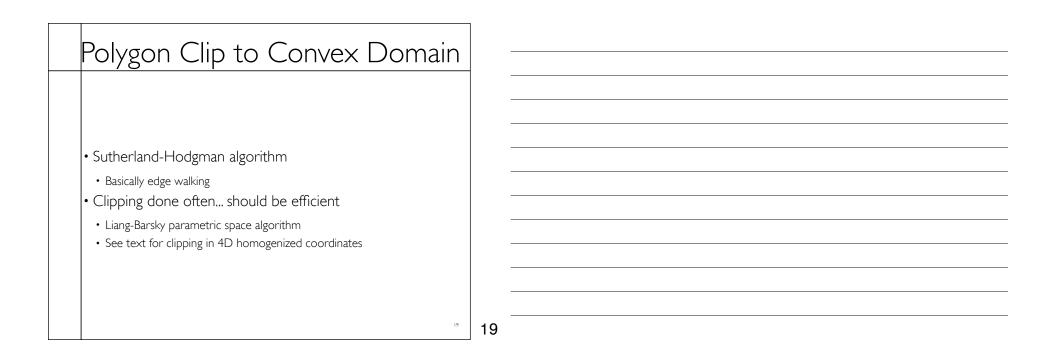


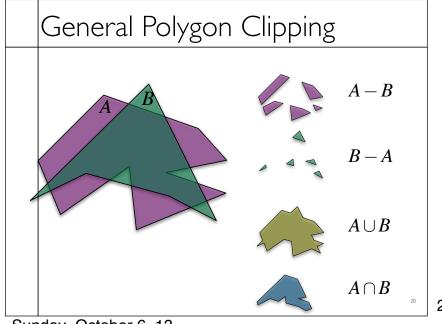




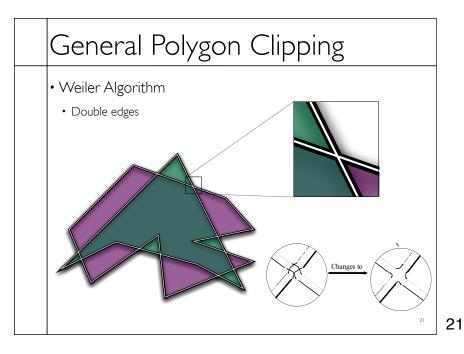














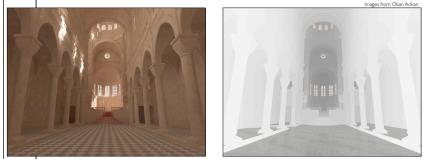
# Hidden Surface Removal True 3D to 2D projection would put every thing overlapping into the view plane. We need to determine what's in front and display only that.



## Z-Buffers

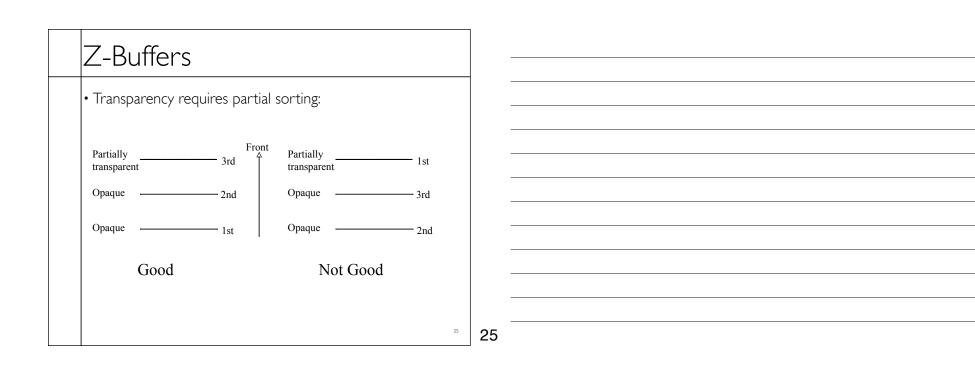
• Add extra depth channel to image

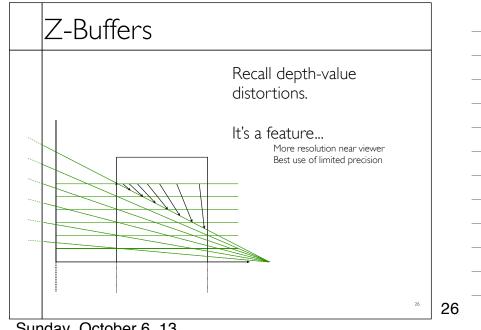
- Write Z values when writing pixels
- Test Z values before writing













Sunday, October 6, 13

### A-Buffers

- Store sorted list of "fragments" at each pixel
- Draw all opaque stuff first then transparent
- Stuff behind full opacity gets ignored
- Nice for antialiasing...

