Due in the "EE 105 box" near 125 Cory Hall by 5pm on Friday 11/30/2012.

Read Sections 10.4–7 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics

- 1. Problem 9.4 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics
- 2. Problem 9.16 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics
- 3. Problem 9.12 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics

4. Problem 9.67 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics

- 5. Problem 10.53 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics
- 6. Do the Excercise after Example 10.29 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics
- 7. Problem 10.73 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics
- 8. Problem 10.81 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics
- 9. Do the Excercise after Example 10.27 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics
- 10. Do the Excercise after Example 10.28 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics
- 11. Problem 10.91 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics
- 12. Problem 10.53 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics
- 13. Problem 10.57 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics
- 14. Problem 10.59 in B. Razavi: Fundamentals of Microelectronics

<u>Final</u>:

- Open-book, two 8.5 by 11 inch page of <u>handwritten</u> notes (two sided)
- Write all your work and answers on the exam sheet
- Clearly mark results with a box around them
- Show your work (large and small-signal circuit diagrams, analysis/design equations)
- Cross out incorrect answers. If you present two or more inconsistent answers we invariably grade the wrong one.
- Notation: $V_x = V_X + v_x$, where V_X is the large signal bias and v_x is the small signal value.

Unless otherwise specified, use the following parameters:

Device	Parameter values
BJT	$I_s = 1 \text{fA}, \beta = 100, \text{ and } V_A = 100 \text{V}$
N/PMOS	$ V_{TH} = 400 \text{ mV}, C_{ox} = 10 \text{ fF}/\mu\text{m}^2, C_{ol} = 0.2 \text{ fF}/\mu\text{m}, \lambda = 0.02 \text{ V}^{-1}, \gamma = 0 \text{ V}, L_{\min} = 180 \text{ nm}$
NMOS	$\mu_n = 300 \mathrm{cm}^2 / \mathrm{Vs}$
PMOS	$\mu_p = 150 \mathrm{cm}^2/\mathrm{Vs}$
	$V_t = 25 \mathrm{mV}$