



X-Ray Interaction with Matter: Absorption, Scattering and Diffraction

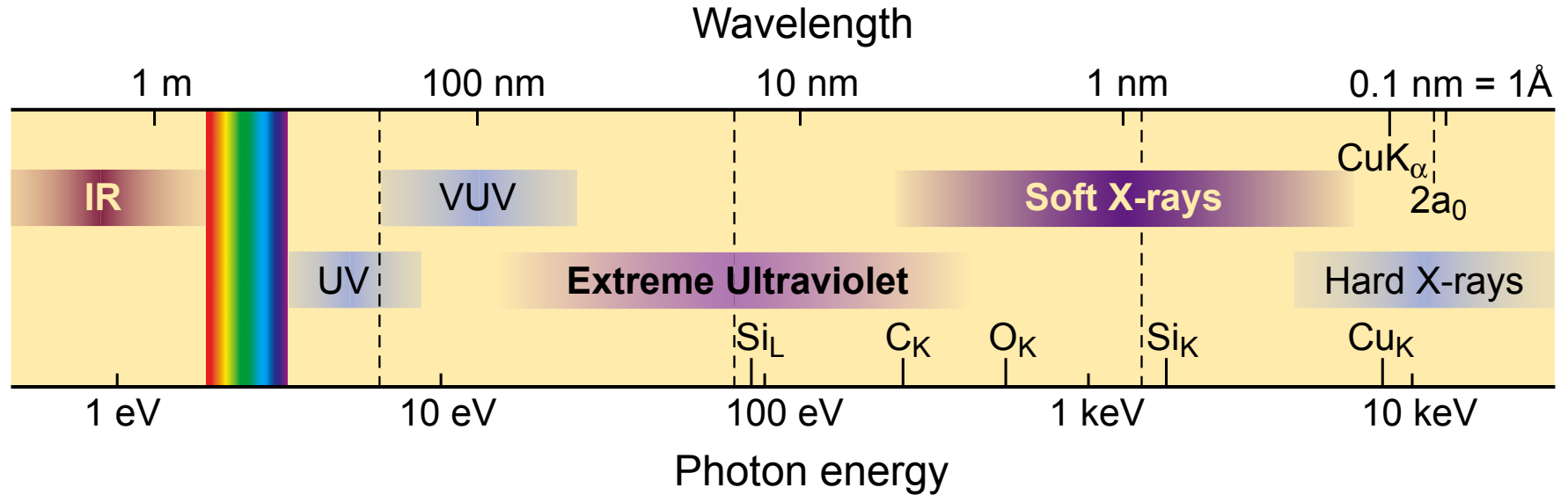
David Attwood

University of California, Berkeley

<http://www.coe.berkeley.edu/AST/sxr2009>



The Short Wavelength Region of the Electromagnetic Spectrum



- See smaller features
- Write smaller patterns
- Elemental and chemical sensitivity



Photon Energy, Wavelength, Power

$$\hbar\omega \cdot \lambda = hc = 1239.842 \text{ eV nm} \quad (1.1)$$

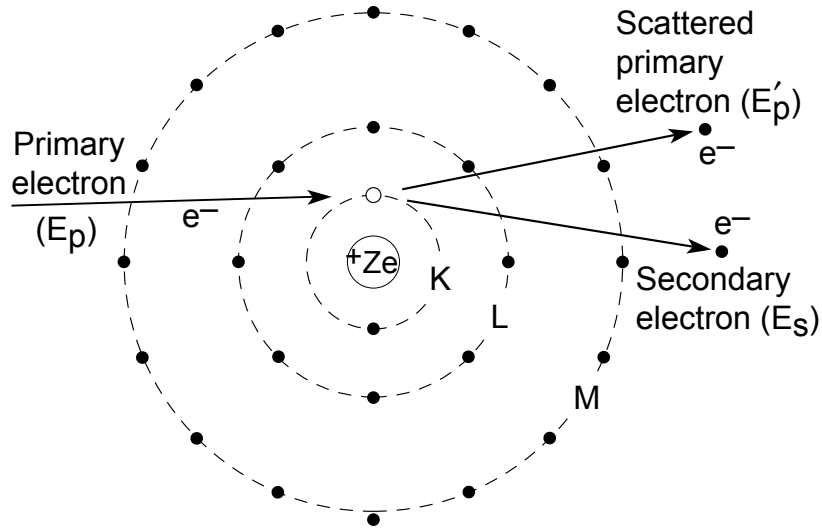
$$1 \text{ joule} \Rightarrow 5.034 \times 10^{15} \lambda[\text{nm}] \text{ photons} \quad (1.2a)$$

$$1 \text{ watt} \Rightarrow 5.034 \times 10^{15} \lambda[\text{nm}] \frac{\text{photons}}{\text{s}} \quad (1.2b)$$

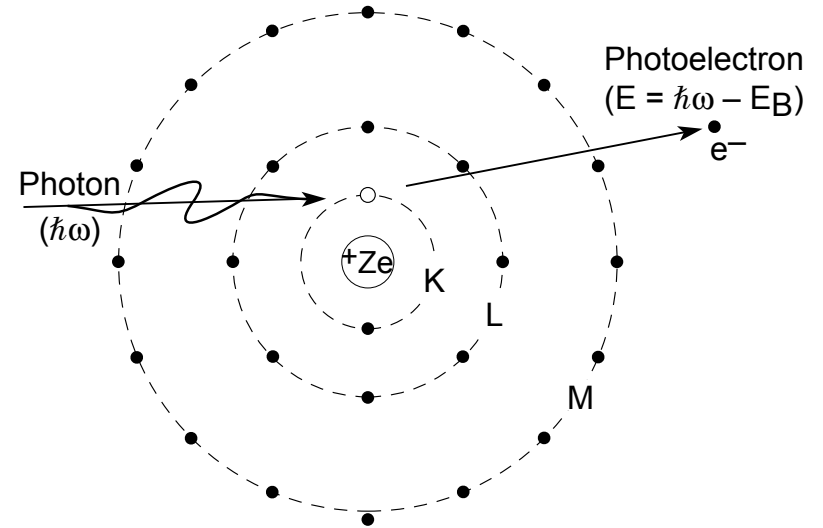


Basic Ionization and Emission Processes in Isolated Atoms

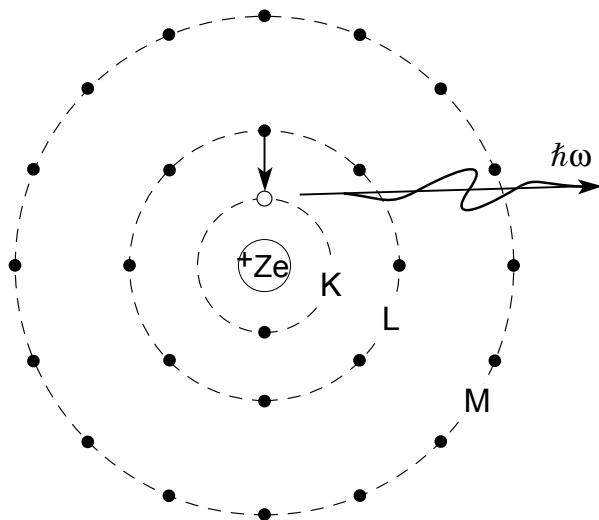
(a) Electron collision induced ionization



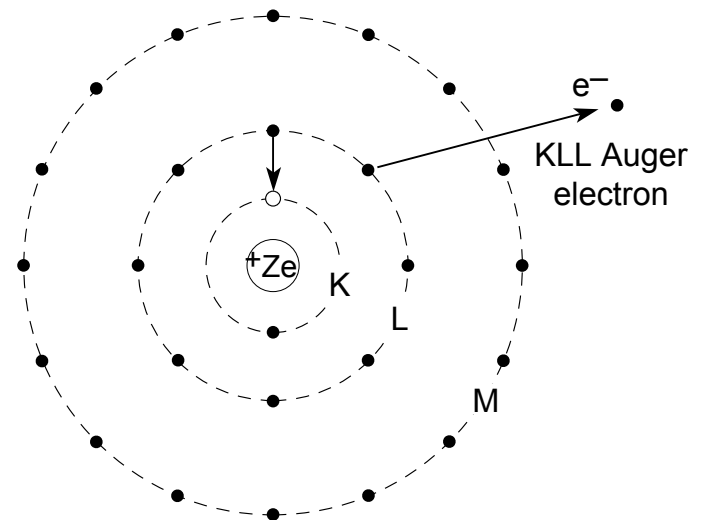
(b) Photoionization



(c) Fluorescent emission of characteristic radiation



(d) Non-radiative Auger process





Electron Binding Energies, in Electron Volts (eV), for the elements in their Natural Forms

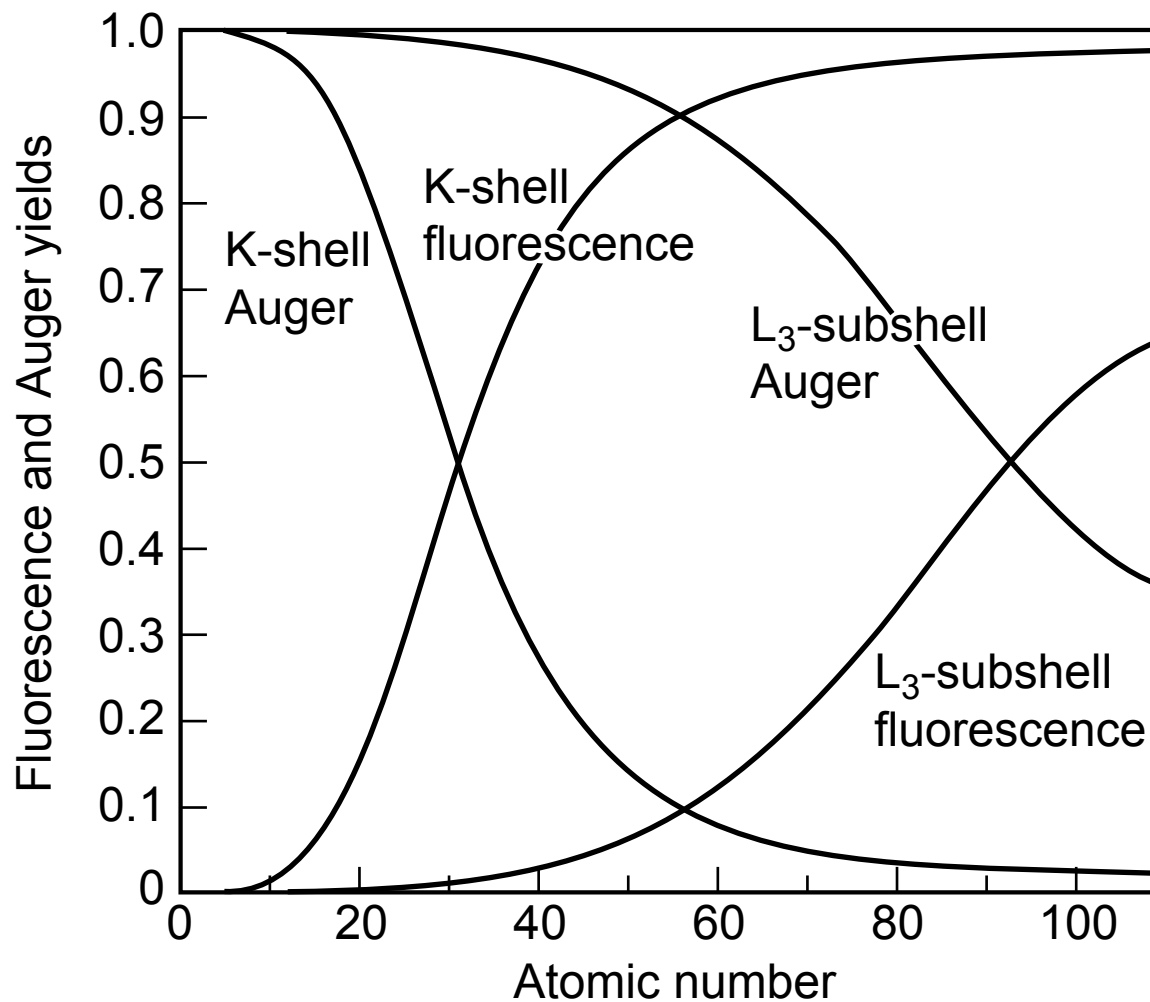


Element	K 1s	L ₁ 2s	L ₂ 2p _{1/2}	L ₃ 2p _{3/2}	M ₁ 3s	M ₂ 3p _{1/2}	M ₃ 3p _{3/2}	M ₄ 3d _{3/2}	M ₅ 3d _{5/2}	N ₁ 4s	N ₂ 4p _{1/2}	N ₃ 4p _{3/2}
1 H	13.6											
2 He	24.6 ^b											
3 Li	54.7 ^b											
4 Be	111.5 ^b											
5 B	188 ^b											
6 C	284.2 ^b											
7 N	409.9 ^b	37.3 ^b										
8 O	543.1 ^b	41.6 ^b										
9 F	696.7 ^b											
10 Ne	870.2 ^b	48.5 ^b	21.7 ^b	21.6 ^b								
11 Na	1070.8 ^c	63.5 ^c	30.4 ^c	30.5 ^b								
12 Mg	1303.0 ^c	88.6 ^b	49.6 ^c	49.2 ^c								
13 Al	1559.6	117.8 ^b	72.9 ^b	72.5 ^b								
14 Si	1838.9	149.7 ^b	99.8 ^b	99.2 ^b								
15 P	2145.5	189 ^b	136 ^b	135 ^b								
16 S	2472	230.9 ^b	163.6 ^b	162.5 ^b								
17 Cl	2822.4	270.2 ^b	202 ^b	200 ^b								
18 Ar	3205.9 ^b	326.3 ^b	250.6 ^b	248.4 ^b	29.3 ^b	15.9 ^b	15.7 ^b					
19 K	3608.4 ^b	378.6 ^b	297.3 ^b	294.6 ^b	34.8 ^b	18.3 ^b	18.3 ^b					
20 Ca	4038.5 ^b	438.4 ^c	349.7 ^c	346.2 ^c	44.3 ^c	25.4 ^c	25.4 ^c					
21 Sc	4492.8	498.0 ^b	403.6 ^b	398.7 ^b	51.1 ^b	28.3 ^b	28.3 ^b					
22 Ti	4966.4	560.9 ^c	461.2 ^c	453.8 ^c	58.7 ^c	32.6 ^c	32.6 ^c					
23 V	5465.1	626.7 ^c	519.8 ^c	512.1 ^c	66.3 ^c	37.2 ^c	37.2 ^c					
24 Cr	5989.2	695.7 ^c	583.8 ^c	574.1 ^c	74.1 ^c	42.2 ^c	42.2 ^c					
25 Mn	6539.0	769.1 ^c	649.9 ^c	638.7 ^c	82.3 ^c	47.2 ^c	47.2 ^c					
26 Fe	7112.0	844.6 ^c	719.9 ^c	706.8 ^c	91.3 ^c	52.7 ^c	52.7 ^c					
27 Co	7708.9	925.1 ^c	793.3 ^c	778.1 ^c	101.0 ^c	58.9 ^c	58.9 ^c					
28 Ni	8332.8	1008.6 ^c	870.0 ^c	852.7 ^c	110.8 ^c	68.0 ^c	66.2 ^c					
29 Cu	8978.9	1096.7 ^c	952.3 ^c	932.5 ^c	122.5 ^c	77.3 ^c	75.1 ^c					
30 Zn	9658.6	1196.2 ^b	1044.9 ^b	1021.8 ^b	139.8 ^b	91.4 ^b	88.6 ^b	10.2 ^b	10.1 ^b			
31 Ga	10367.1	1299.0 ^b	1143.2 ^c	1116.4 ^c	159.5 ^c	103.5 ^c	103.5 ^c	18.7 ^c	18.7 ^c			
32 Ge	11103.1	1414.6 ^b	1248.1 ^b	1217.0 ^b	180.1 ^b	124.9 ^b	120.8 ^b	29.0 ^b	29.0 ^b			
33 As	11866.7	1527.0 ^b	1359.1 ^b	1323.6 ^b	204.7 ^b	146.2 ^b	141.2 ^b	41.7 ^b	41.7 ^b			
34 Se	12657.8	1652.0 ^b	1474.3 ^b	1433.9 ^b	229.6 ^b	166.5 ^b	160.7 ^b	55.5 ^b	54.6 ^b			
35 Br	13473.7	1782.0 ^b	1596.0 ^b	1549.9 ^b	257 ^b	189 ^b	182 ^b	70 ^b	69 ^b			
36 Kr	14325.6	1921.0	1730.9 ^b	1678.4 ^b	292.8 ^b	222.2 ^b	214.4	95.0 ^b	93.8 ^b	27.5 ^b	14.1 ^b	14.1 ^b
37 Rb	15199.7	2065.1	1863.9	1804.4	326.7 ^b	248.7 ^b	239.1 ^b	113.0 ^b	112 ^b	30.5 ^b	16.3 ^b	15.3 ^b
38 Sr	16104.6	2216.3	2006.8	1939.6	358.7 ^c	280.3 ^c	270.0 ^c	136.0 ^c	134.2 ^c	38.9 ^c	20.3 ^c	20.3 ^c
39 Y	17038.4	2372.5	2155.5	2080.0	392.0 ^b	310.6 ^b	298.8 ^b	157.7 ^c	155.8 ^c	43.8 ^b	24.4 ^b	23.1 ^b
40 Zr	17997.6	2531.6	2306.7	2222.3	430.3 ^c	343.5 ^c	329.8 ^c	181.1 ^c	178.8 ^c	50.6 ^c	28.5 ^c	27.7 ^c
41 Nb	18985.6	2697.7	2464.7	2370.5	466.6 ^c	376.1 ^c	360.6 ^c	205.0 ^c	202.3 ^c	56.4 ^c	32.6 ^c	30.8 ^c
42 Mo	19999.5	2865.5	2625.1	2520.2	506.3 ^c	411.6 ^c	394.0 ^c	231.1 ^c	227.9 ^c	63.2 ^c	37.6 ^c	35.5 ^c
43 Tc	21044.0	3042.5	2793.2	2676.9	544 ^b	445 ^b	425 ^b	257 ^b	253 ^b	68 ^b	39 ^c	39 ^b
44 Ru	22117.2	3224.0	2966.9	2837.9	586.2 ^c	483.5 ^c	461.4 ^c	284.2 ^c	280.0 ^c	75.0 ^c	46.5 ^c	43.2 ^c
45 Rh	23219.9	3411.9	3146.1	3003.8	628.1 ^c	521.3 ^c	496.5 ^c	311.9 ^c	307.2 ^c	81.4 ^b	50.5 ^c	47.3 ^c
46 Pd	24350.3	3604.3	3330.3	3173.3	671.6 ^c	559.9 ^c	532.3 ^c	340.5 ^c	335.2 ^c	87.6 ^b	55.7 ^c	50.9 ^c
47 Ag	25514.0	3805.8	3523.7	3351.1	719.0 ^c	603.8 ^c	573.0 ^c	374.0 ^c	368.0 ^c	97.0 ^c	63.7 ^c	58.3 ^c

www.cxro.LBL.gov



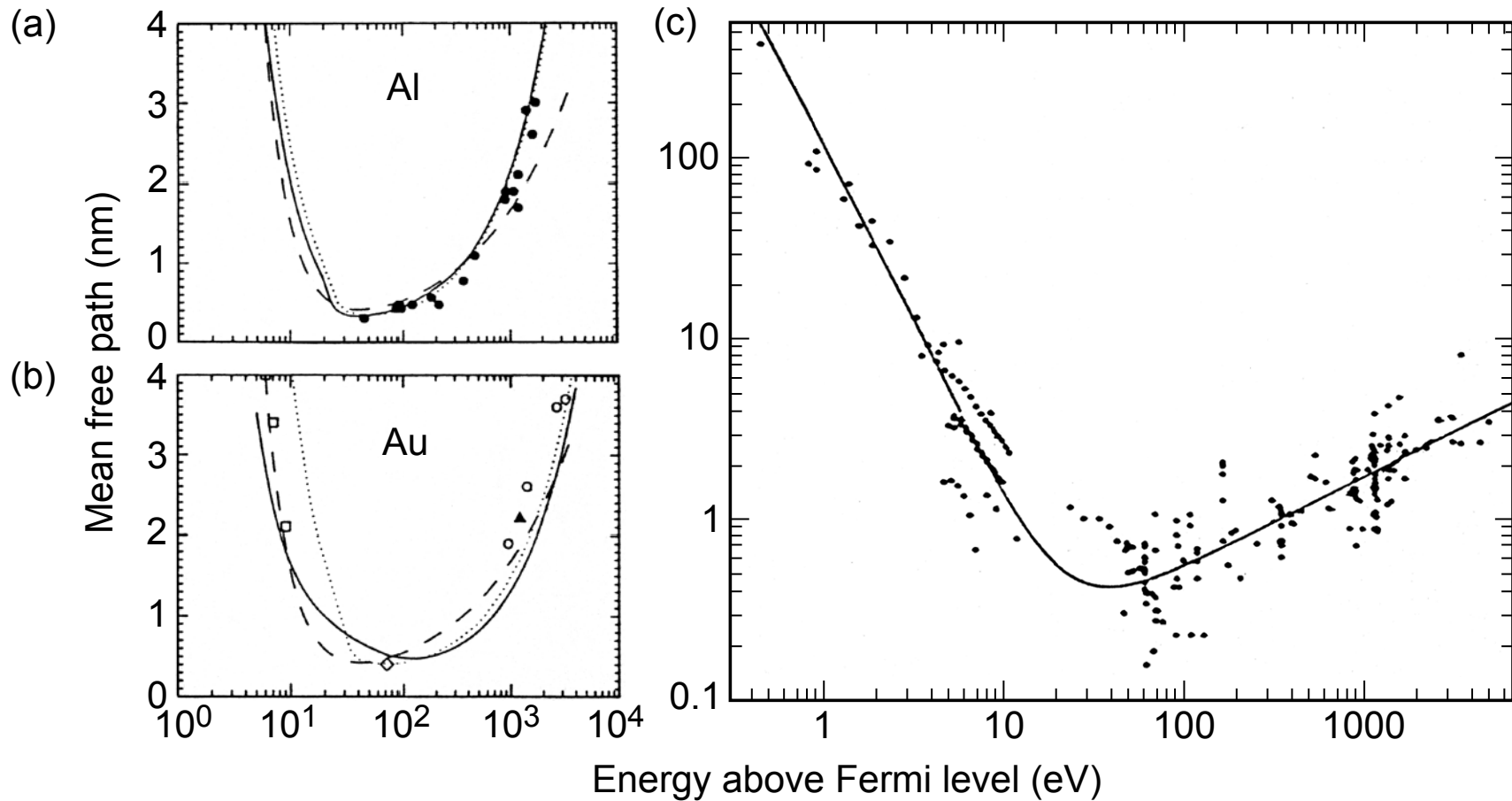
Fluorescence and Auger Emission Yields



(Courtesy of M. Krause, Oak Ridge)



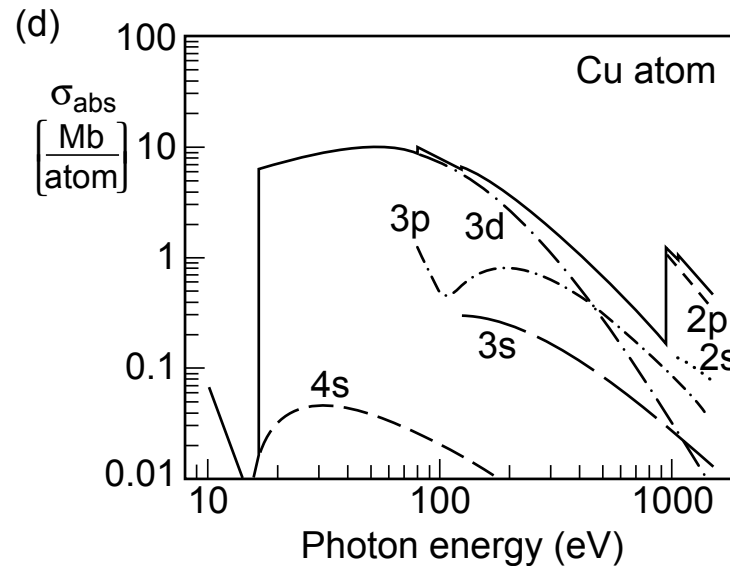
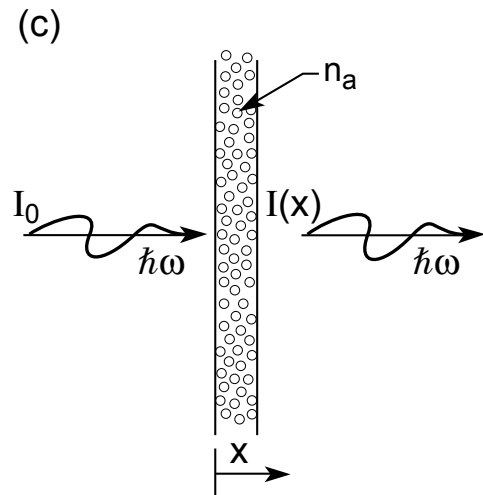
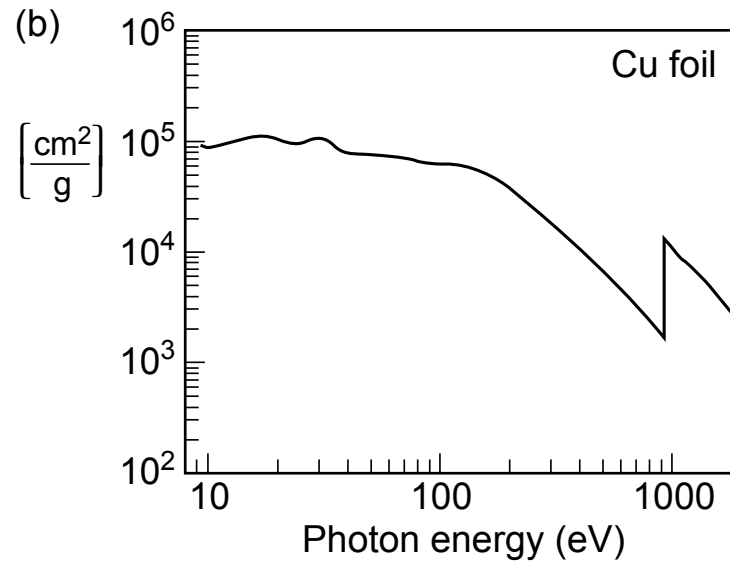
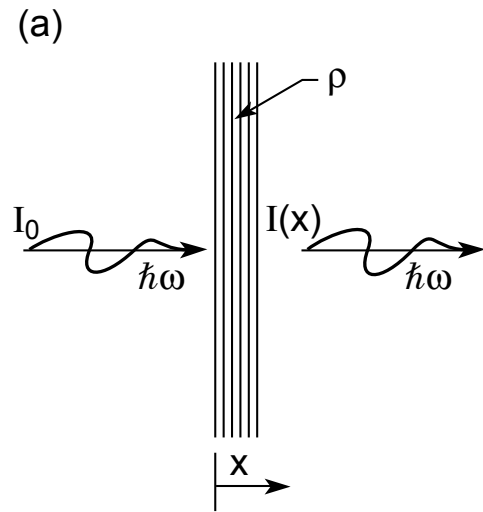
Electron Mean Free Paths As a Function of Energy



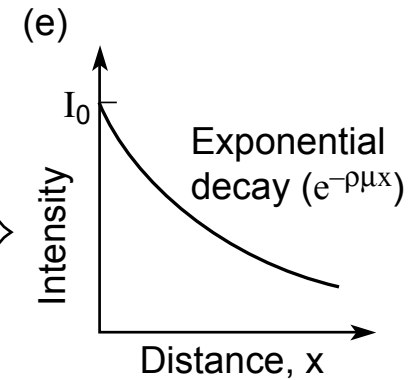
Courtesy of: Penn (a & b), Seah and Dench (c)



Photoabsorption by Thin Foils and Isolated Atoms



$$\frac{I}{I_0} = e^{-\rho\mu x}$$



$$\frac{I}{I_0} = e^{-n_a\sigma_{\text{abs}}x}$$



Atomic Energy Levels and Allowed Transitions in the Bohr Atom

Equate Coulomb Force $Ze^2/4\pi\epsilon_0r^2$ to the centripetal force mv^2/r :

$$E_n = \frac{mZ^2e^4}{32\pi^2\epsilon_0^2\hbar^2} \frac{1}{n^2} \quad (1.4)$$

$$r_n = \frac{4\pi\epsilon_0\hbar^2}{me^2Z} \cdot n^2 \quad (1.5)$$

$$\hbar\omega = E_i - E_f = \underbrace{\frac{me^4}{32\pi^2\epsilon_0\hbar^2}}_{13.6 \text{ eV}} \left[\frac{1}{n_f^2} - \frac{1}{n_i^2} \right] Z^2 \quad (1.6)$$

$$r_n = \frac{a_0n^2}{Z} \quad ; \quad a_0 = 0.529 \text{ \AA} \quad (1.9)$$



Quantum Mechanics Based on a Probabilistic Wave Function, $\Psi(\mathbf{r}, t)$

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \Psi(\mathbf{r}, t) + V(\mathbf{r}, t) \Psi(\mathbf{r}, t) = i\hbar \frac{\partial \Psi(\mathbf{r}, t)}{\partial t} \quad (1.10)$$

$$P(\mathbf{r}, t) d\mathbf{r} = \Psi^*(\mathbf{r}, t) \Psi(\mathbf{r}, t) d\mathbf{r} \quad (1.13)$$

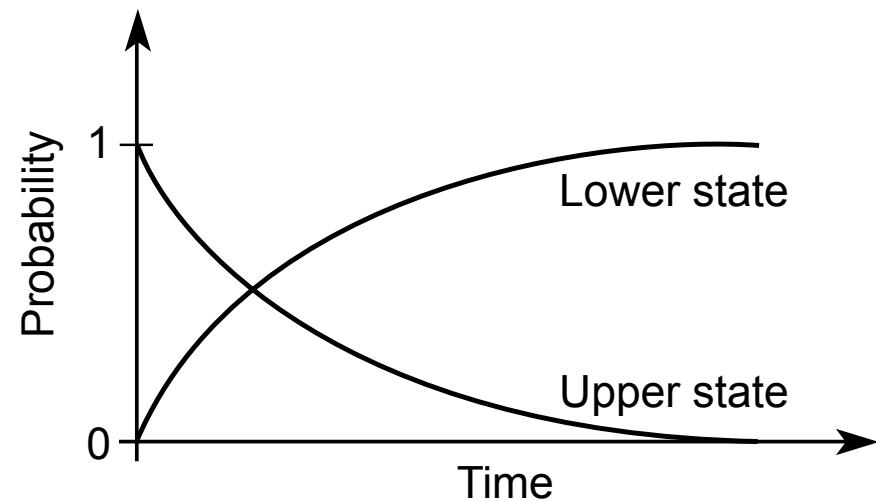
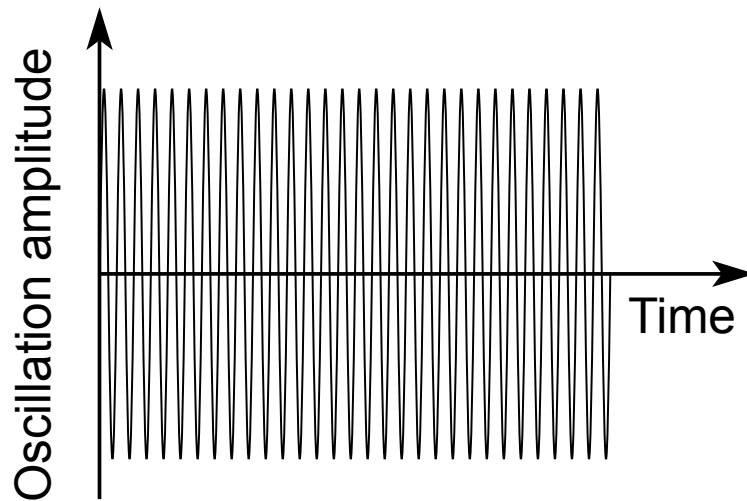
$$\bar{\mathbf{r}} = \iiint \mathbf{r} P(\mathbf{r}, t) d\mathbf{r} = \iiint \Psi^*(\mathbf{r}, t) \mathbf{r} \Psi(\mathbf{r}, t) d\mathbf{r} \quad (1.15)$$

quantum numbers: n, ℓ, m_ℓ, m_s

selection rules for allowed transitions: $\Delta \ell = \pm 1$
 $\Delta j = 0, \pm 1$

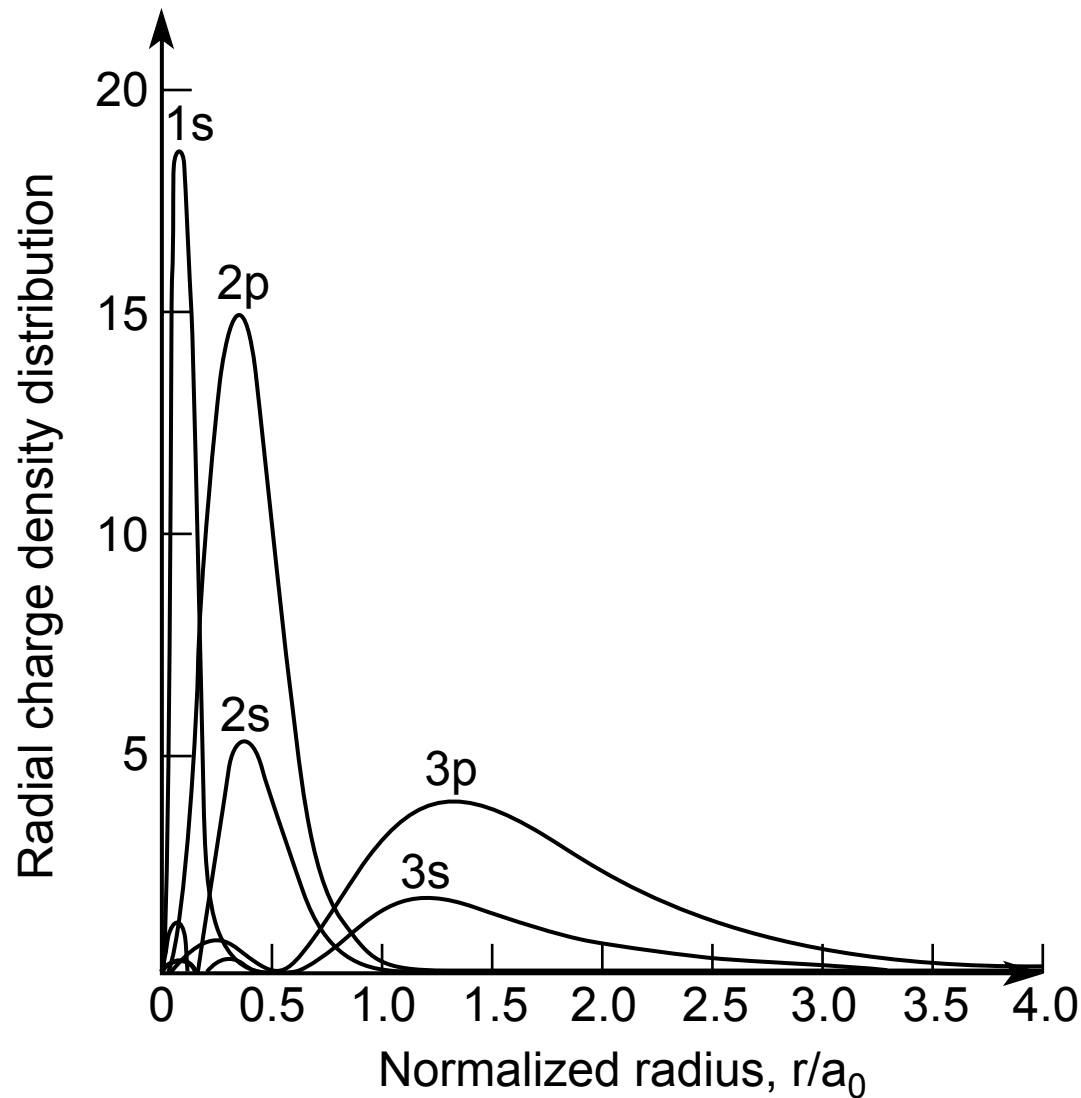


Radiative Decay Involves An Atom Oscillating Between Two Stationary States at the Frequency $\omega_{if} = (E_i - E_f) / \hbar$





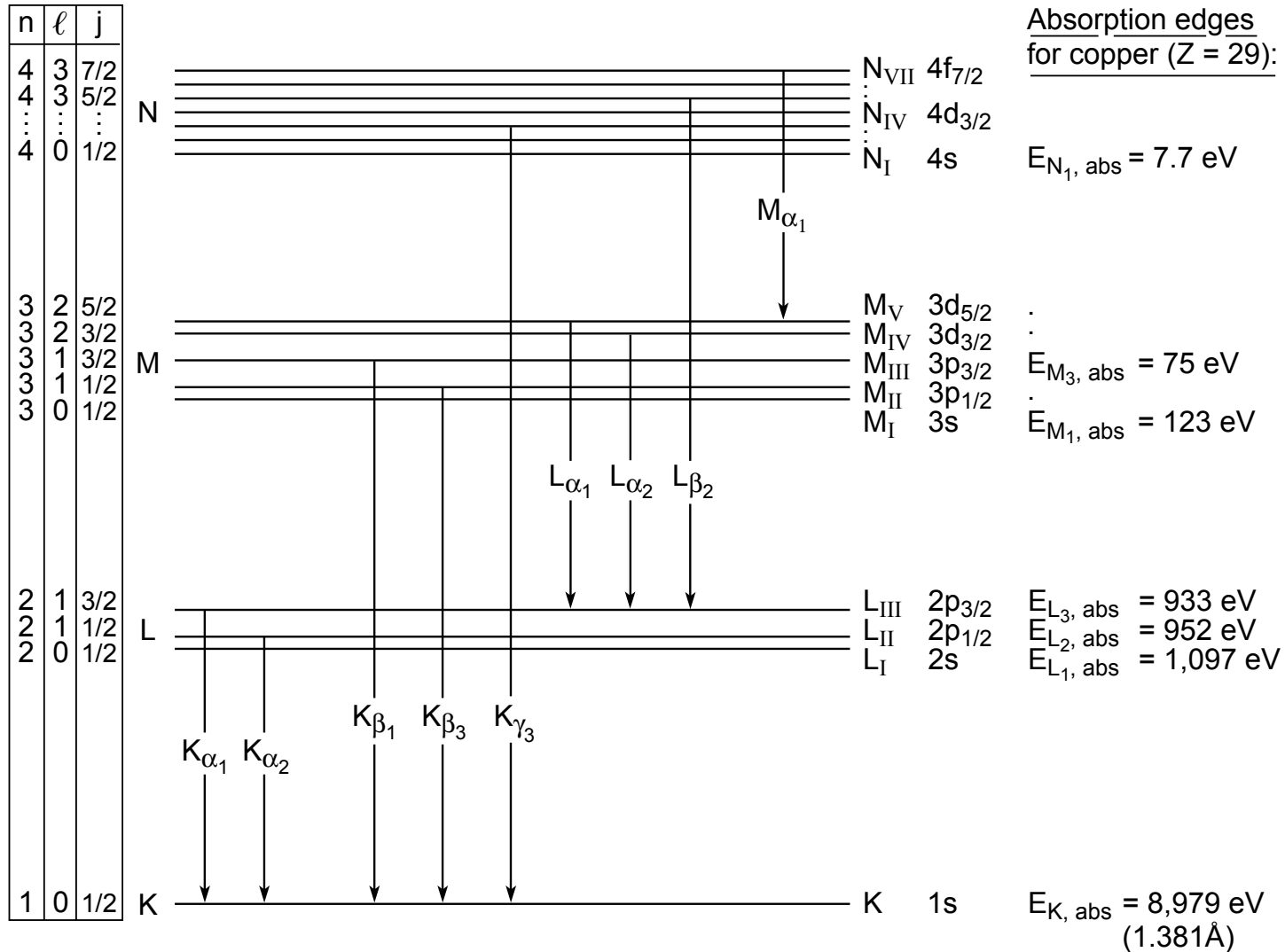
Probabilistic Radial Charge Distribution ($e/\text{\AA}$) in the Argon Atom



Courtesy of Eisberg and Resnick, *Quantum Physics of Atoms, Molecules, Solids, Nuclei, and Particles*.



Energy Levels, Quantum Numbers, and Allowed Transitions for the Copper Atom

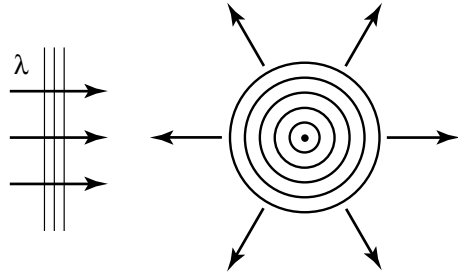


Cu K _{α₁} = 8,048 eV (1.541Å)	Cu L _{α₁} = 930 eV
Cu K _{α₂} = 8,028 eV (1.544Å)	Cu L _{α₂} = 930 eV
Cu K _{β₁} = 8,905 eV	Cu L _{β₁} = 950 eV

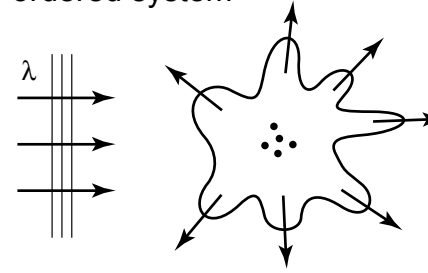


Scattering, Diffraction, and Refraction

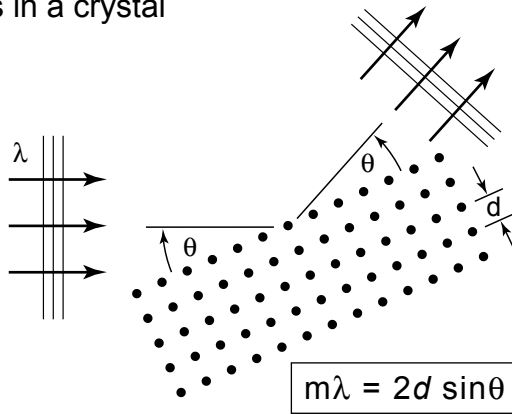
(a) Isotropic scattering from a point object



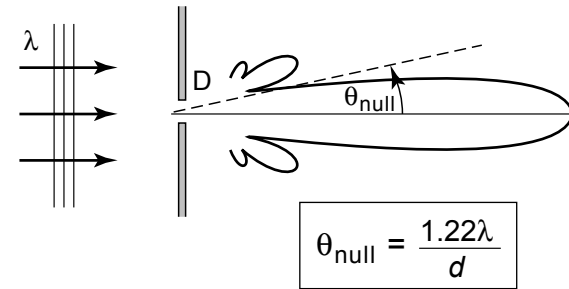
(b) Non-isotropic scattering from a partially ordered system



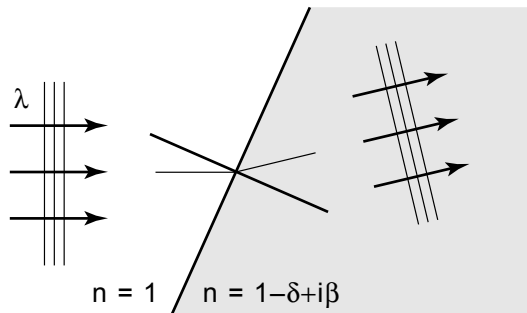
(c) Diffraction by an ordered array of atoms, as in a crystal



(d) Diffraction from a well-defined geometric structure, such as a pinhole



(e) Refraction at an interface



(f) Total external reflection

