

# CAP for Networks

OR: HOW TO STOP WORRYING AND EMBRACE FAILURE

Aurojit Panda, Colin Scott, Ali Ghodsi, Teemu Koponen, Scott Shenker  
UC Berkeley, KTH, VMware, ICSI



Keshav raps about  
SDN

# CAP Theorem

In the presence of network **P**artitions pick one of

- Service **C**orrectness
- Service **A**vailability

# CAP Theorem: Impact

Divides the database community (even today)

SQL

Correctness above all



PostgreSQL

NoSQL

Availability above all



redis



How does the CAP  
theorem apply to  
networks?

What about Networks?

# What about Networks?

Traditionally connectivity was the only concern

- **Correctness:** Deliver packets to destination
- **Availability:** Deliver packets to destination
- **Correctness** is the same as **Availability**

The move to SDN



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SDN provides more sophisticated **functionality**:

- Tenant isolation (ACL enforcement)
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Control plane partitions no longer imply data plane partitions

- Control traffic often does not use data plane network

# Availability $\neq$ Correctness

During control plane partitions

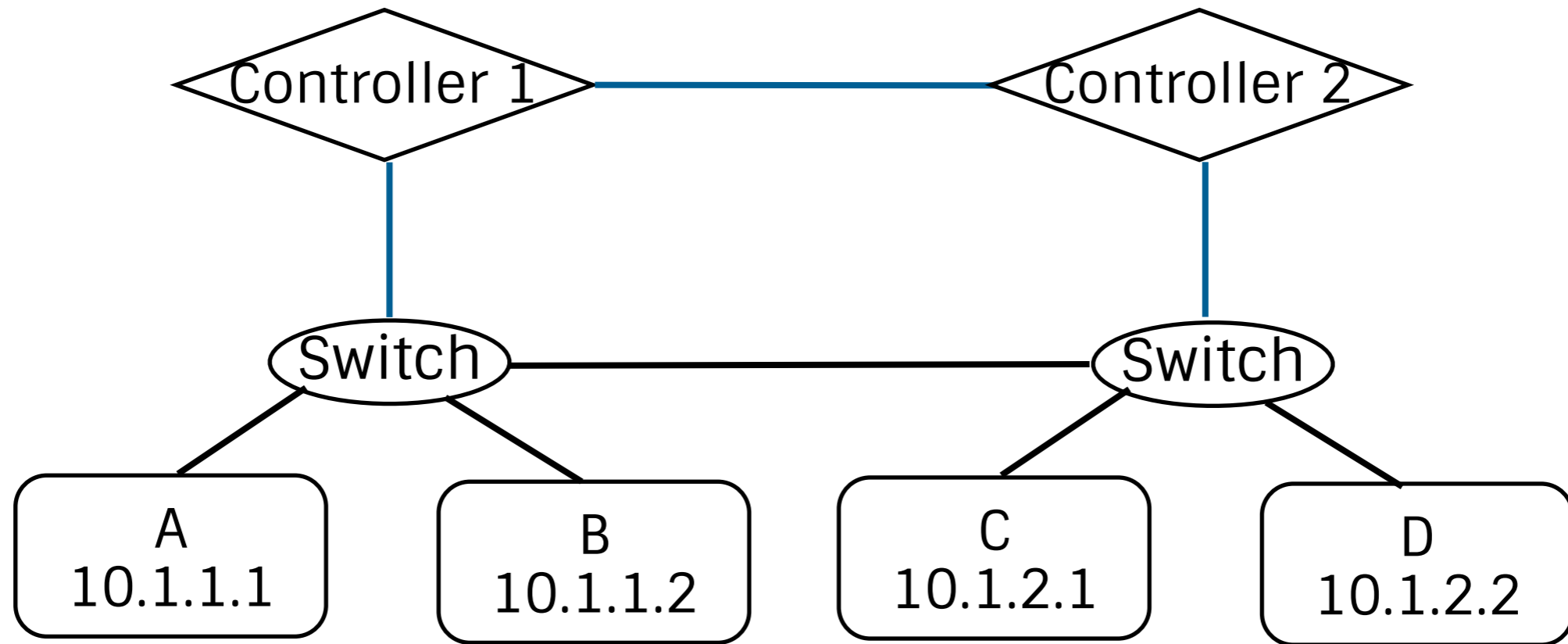
- Data plane connected => Deliver packets (**Availability**)
- Inconsistent control plane data (~~Correctness~~)
- **Availability** does not imply **Correctness**

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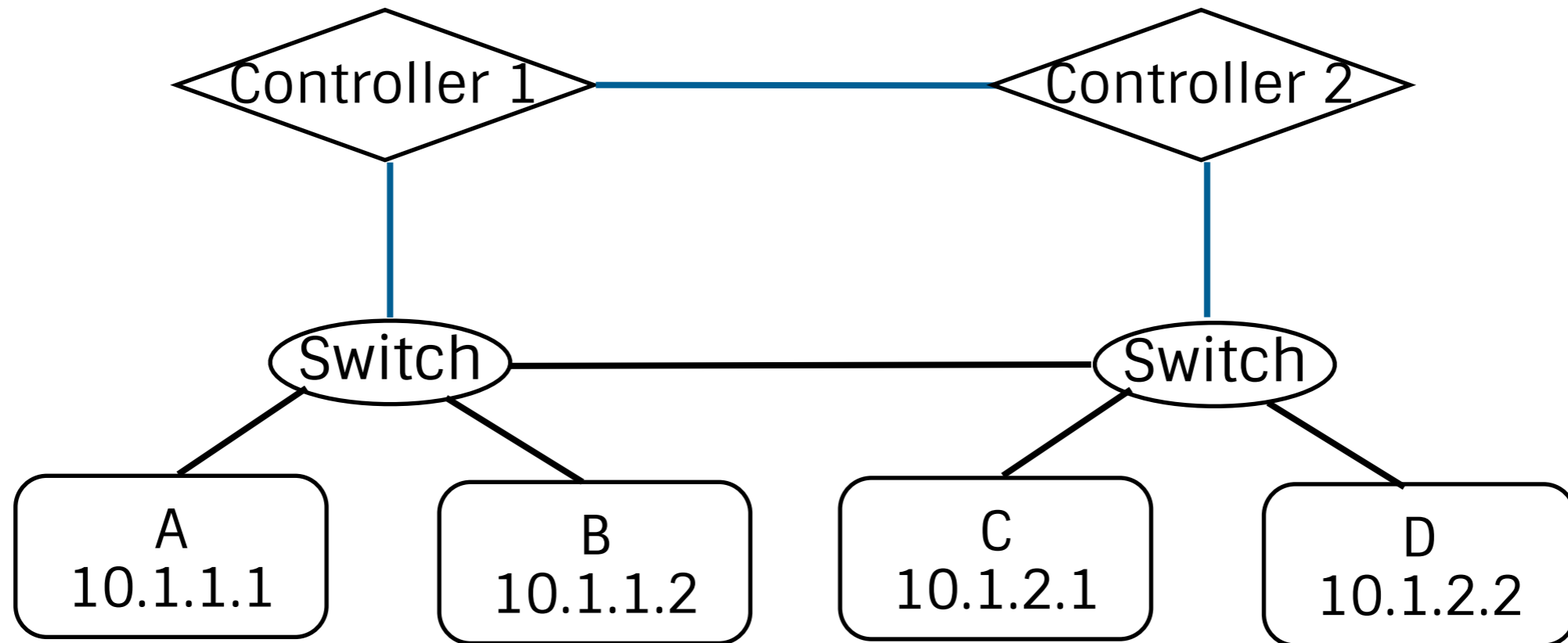
Can one provide correct isolation and availability in the presence of link failures?

# Network Model



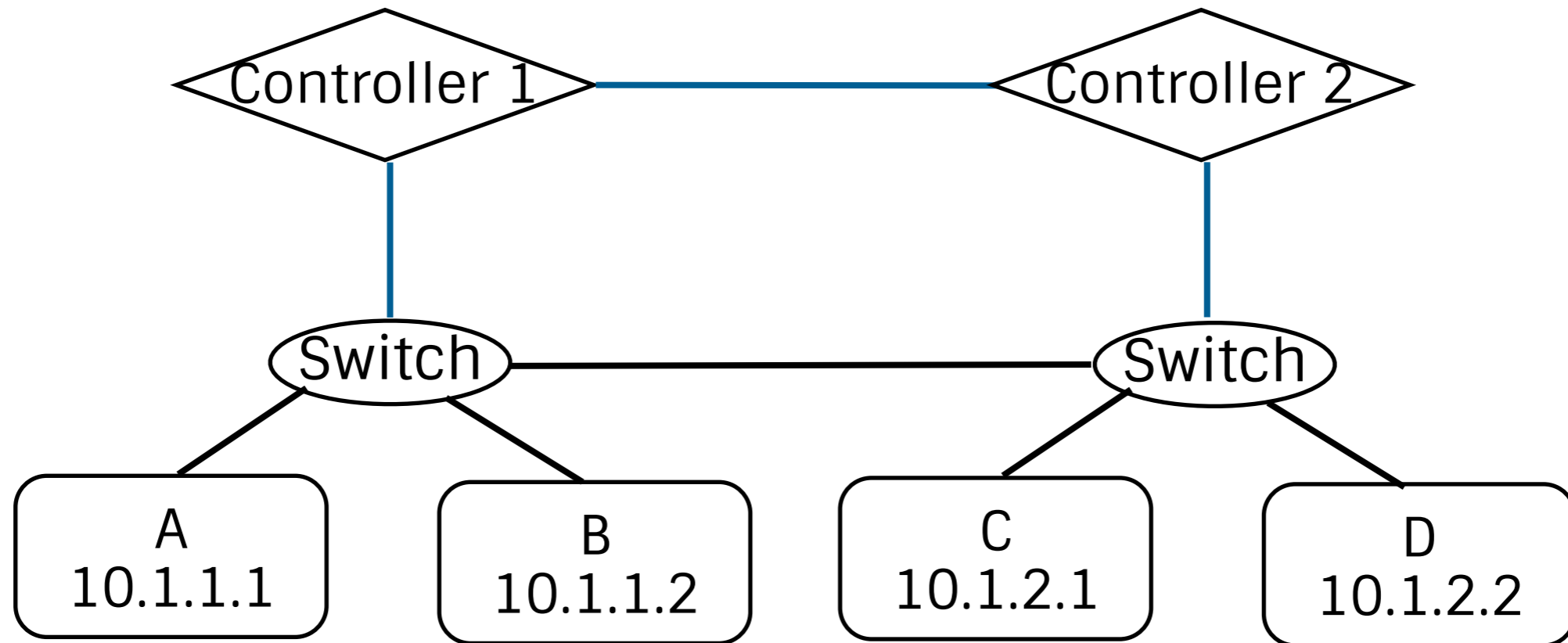
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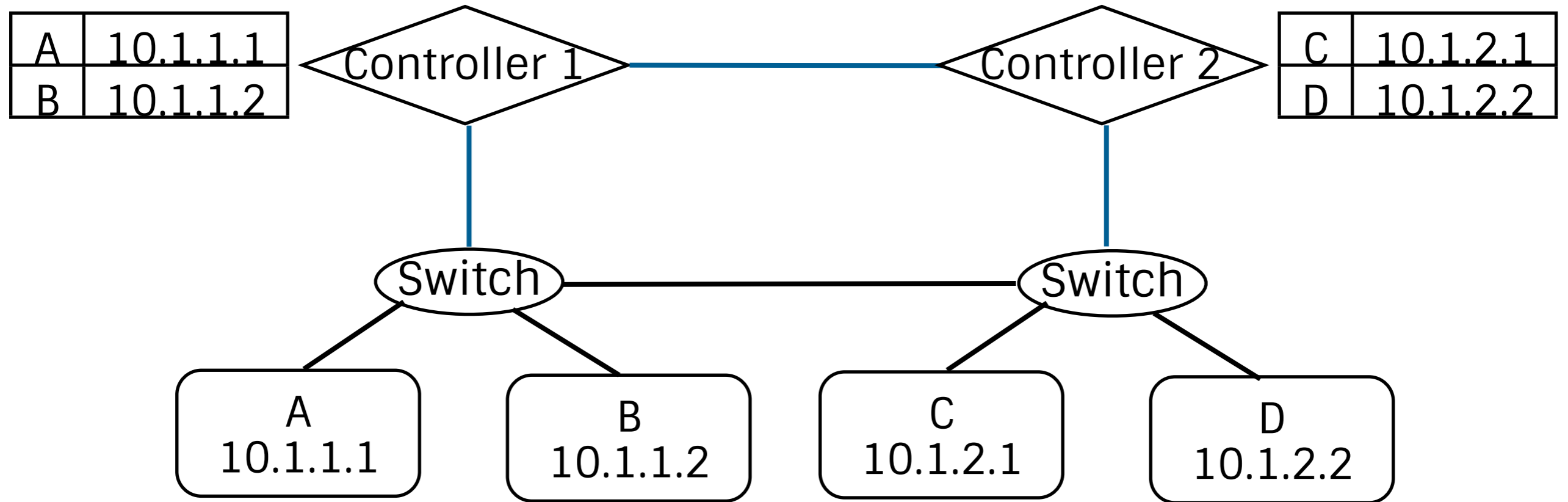
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- Policy specification using end-host names.

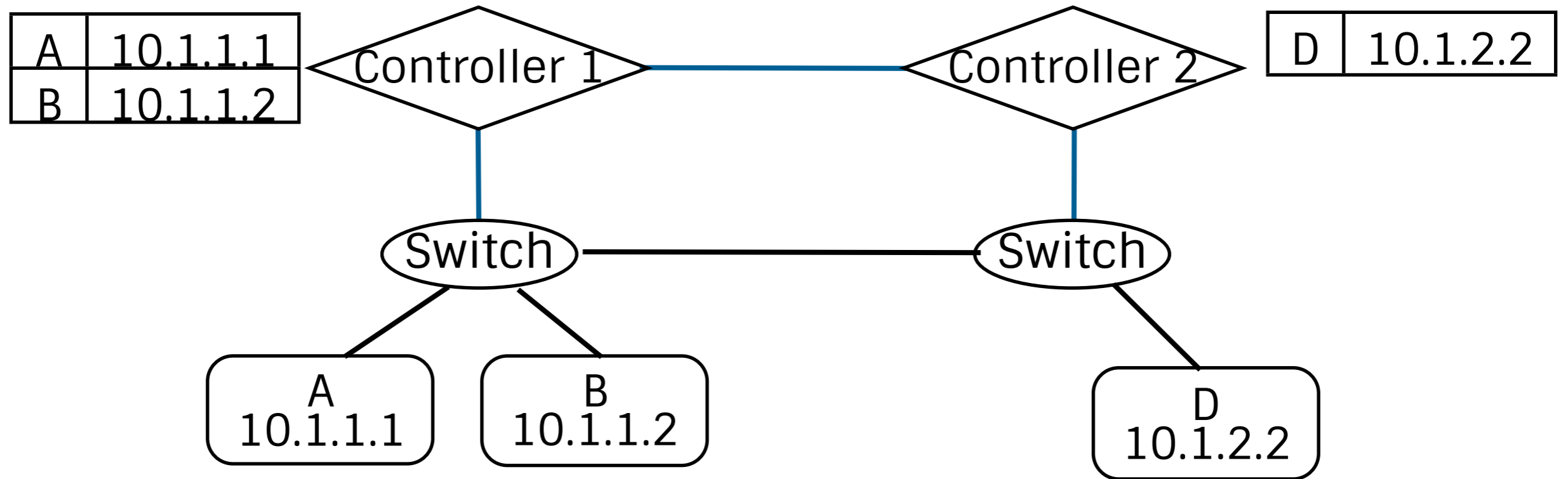


# Network Model



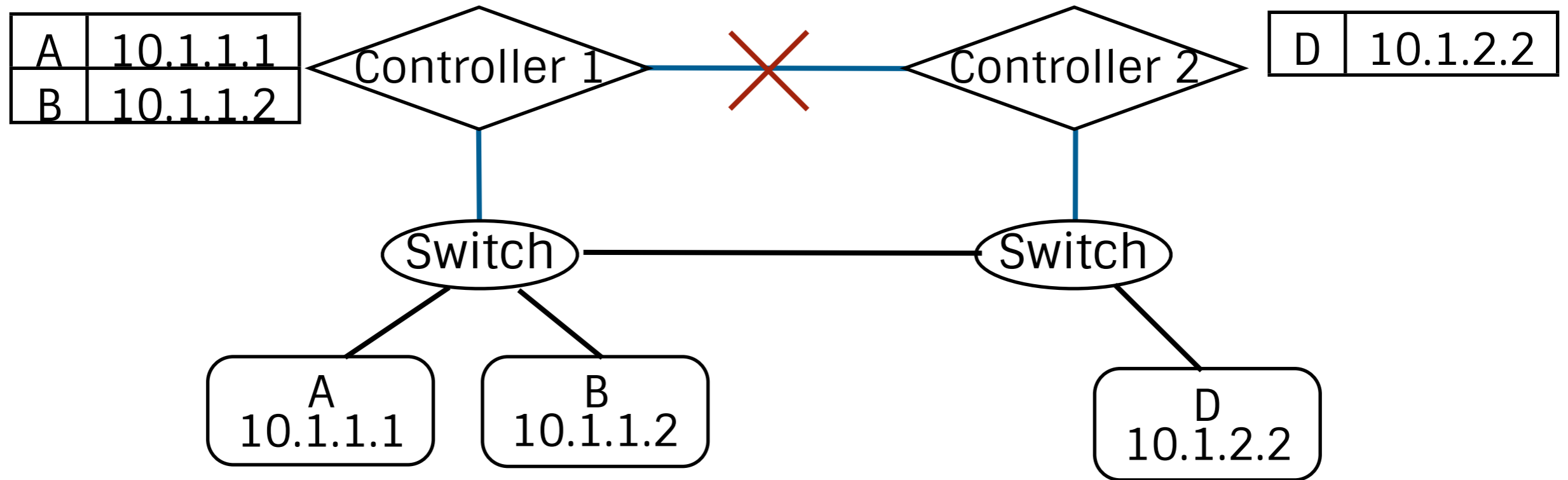
- Out-of-band control network.
- Routing and forwarding based on addresses.
- Policy specification using end-host names.
- Controller only aware of local name-address bindings.

# Isolation Result



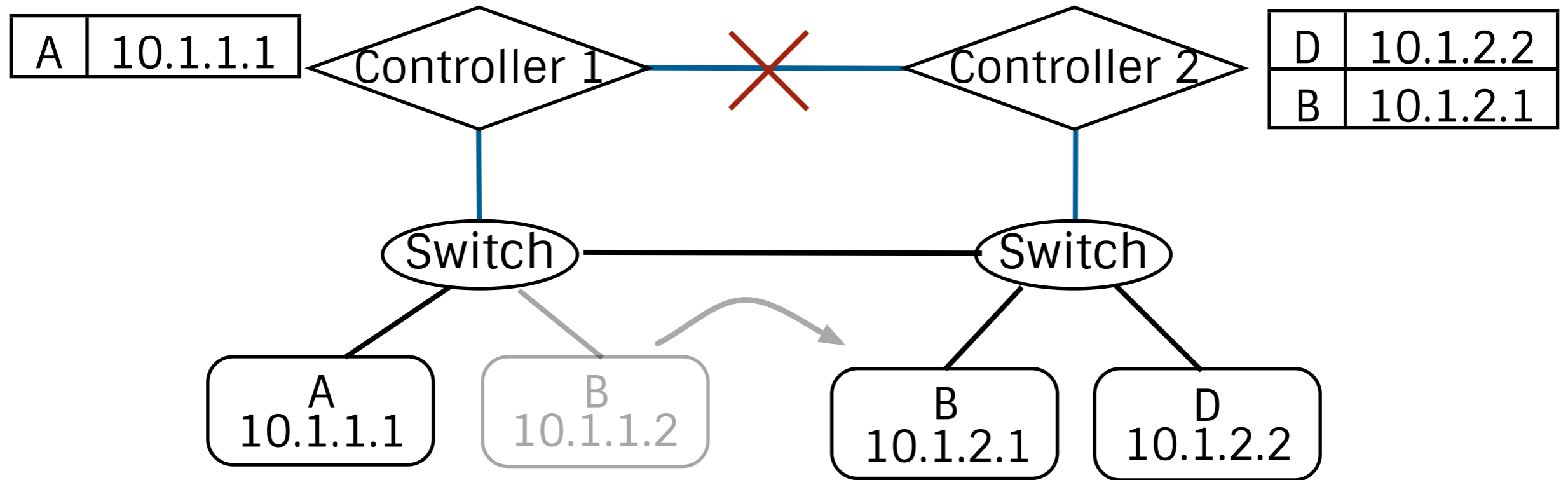
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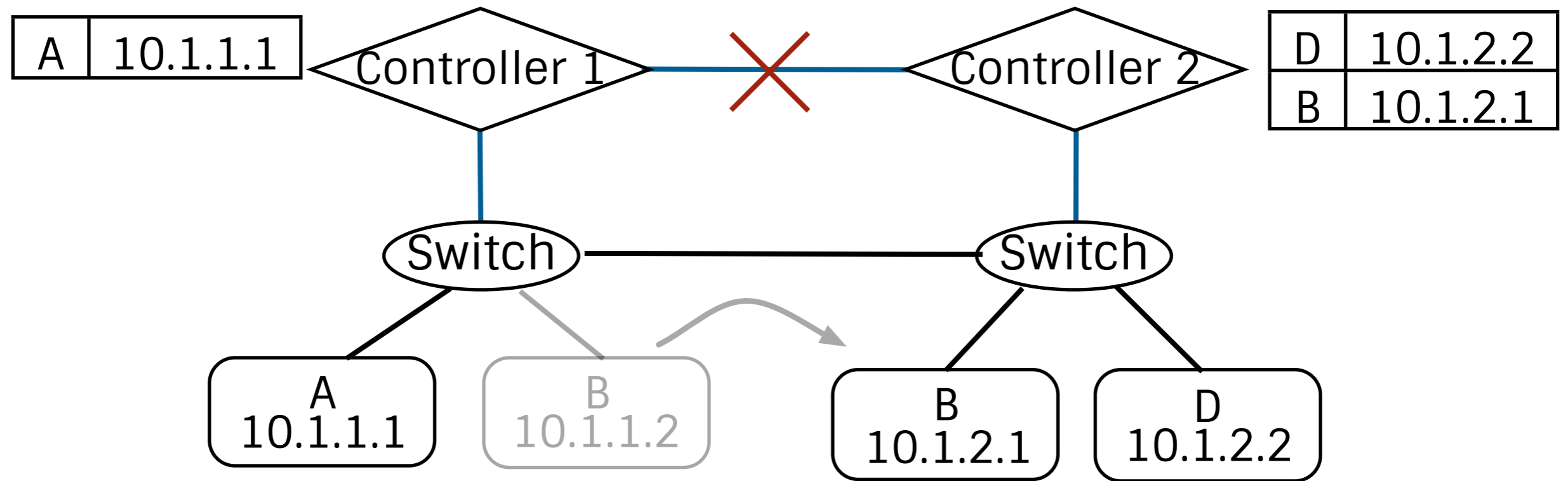
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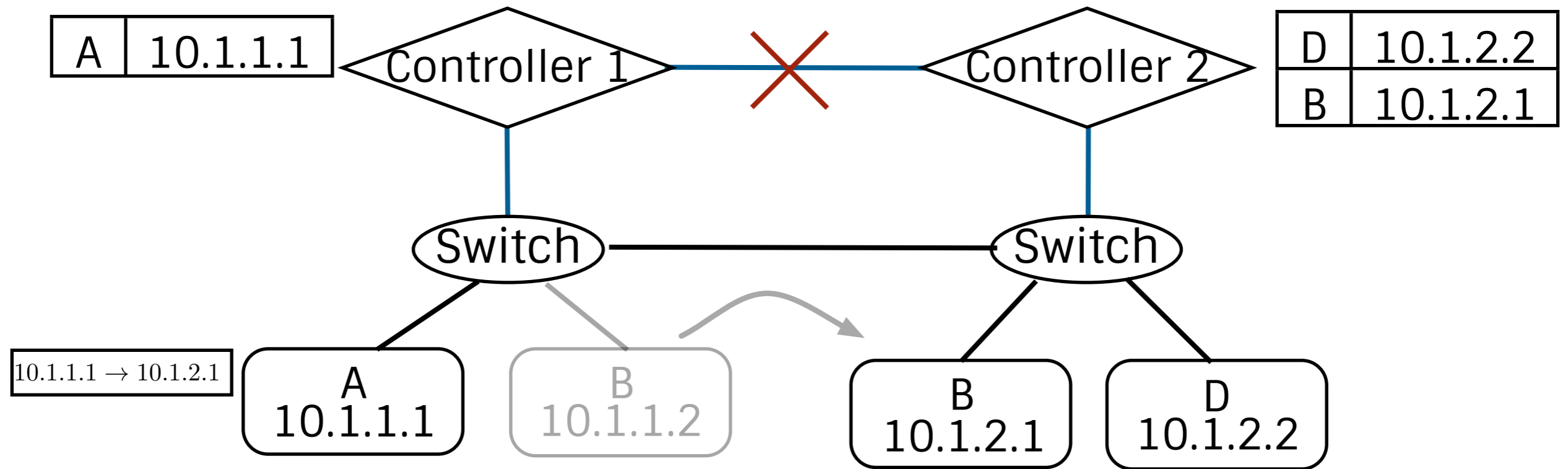
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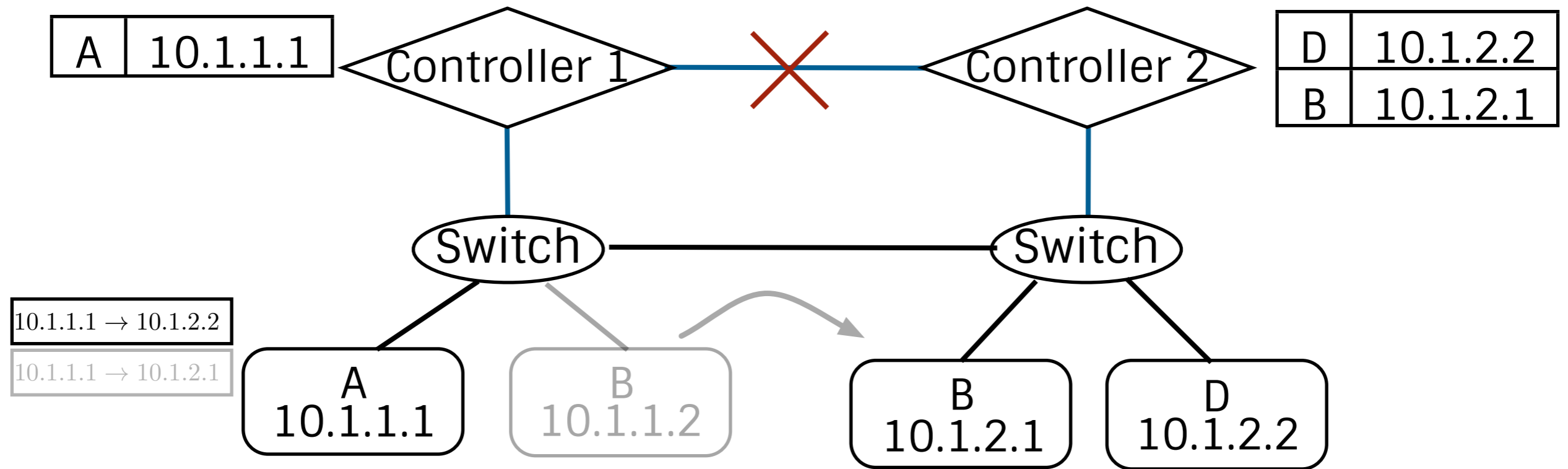
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- Consider policy isolating A from B.
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  - Let all packets through (including from A to B) (~~Correctness~~)
  - Drop all packets (including from A to D) (~~Availability~~)

# Workarounds for Isolation

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- Identity-Address disconnect underlies isolation result
- Network can label packets with sender's identity
- Route based on identity instead of address

# Workarounds not General

## Edge Disjoint Traffic Engineering

- Two flows must traverse disjoint links
- Requires consistent topology across controllers

Can one provide correct isolation and availability in the presence of link failures?

**Not in general**

Can one provide correct isolation and availability in the presence of link failures?

# In the Paper

- More policies and proofs
- More details on workarounds
- Other ways to model the network

# CAP for Networks?

Choices for network architects

Correctness above all

**Security Policies?**

**ICING?**

Availability above all

**Traditional Routing?**

**BGP**

**NOX Routing**

Backup Slides



# Host Migration

- Our model assumes host migrations without controller involvement.
- In part this is because host migrations are surprisingly common
  - Soundararajan and Govil 2010: **6** migrations/day/VM
  - In a datacenter **-480,000** migrations/day
  - **5.5** migrations per second
- Controller involvement is too expensive in datacenters
  - NVP and Floodlight work in a similar manner
- In enterprises controller involvement complicated by mobility.