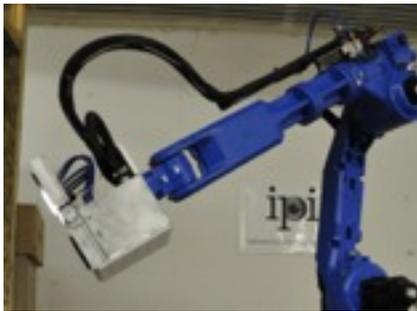


# Finding Locally-Optimal, Collision-Free Trajectories with Sequential Convex Optimization

John Schulman, Jonathan Ho, Alex Lee,  
Ibrahim Awwal, Henry Bradlow, Pieter Abbeel

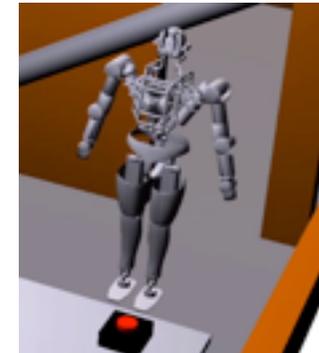
# Motion Planning



Industrial robot arm (6 DOF)



Mobile manipulator (18 DOF)

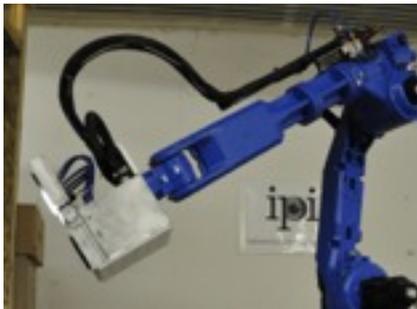


Humanoid (34 DOF)

[Finding Locally-Optimal, Collision-Free Trajectories](#). Presenter: John Schulman

# Motion Planning

- Sampling-based methods like RRT
- Graph search methods like A\* } slow down as dimensionality increases
- Optimization based methods
  - Reactive control
    - Potential-based methods for high-DOF problems (Khatib, '86)
  - Optimize over the entire trajectory
    - Elastic bands (Quinlan & Khatib, '93)
    - CHOMP (Ratliff, et al. '09) & variants (STOMP, ITOMP)



Industrial robot arm (6 DOF)



Mobile manipulator (18 DOF)



Humanoid (34 DOF)

Finding Locally-Optimal, Collision-Free Trajectories. Presenter: John Schulman

# Trajectory Optimization

$$\min_{\theta_{1:T}} \sum_t \|\theta_{t+1} - \theta_t\|^2 + \text{other costs}$$

subject to

no collisions ← **non-convex**

joint limits

other constraints

# Trajectory Optimization

$$\min_{\theta_{1:T}} \sum_t \|\theta_{t+1} - \theta_t\|^2 + \text{other costs}$$

subject to

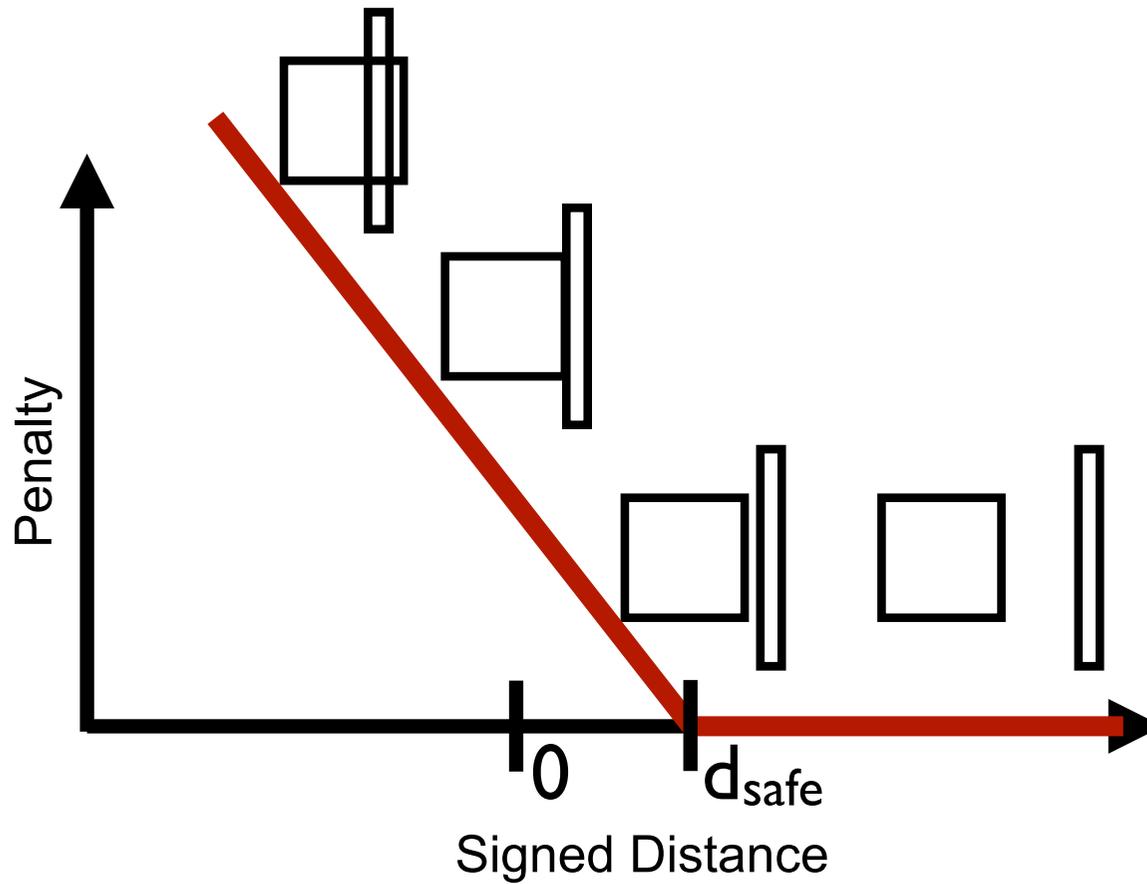
no collisions ← **non-convex**

joint limits

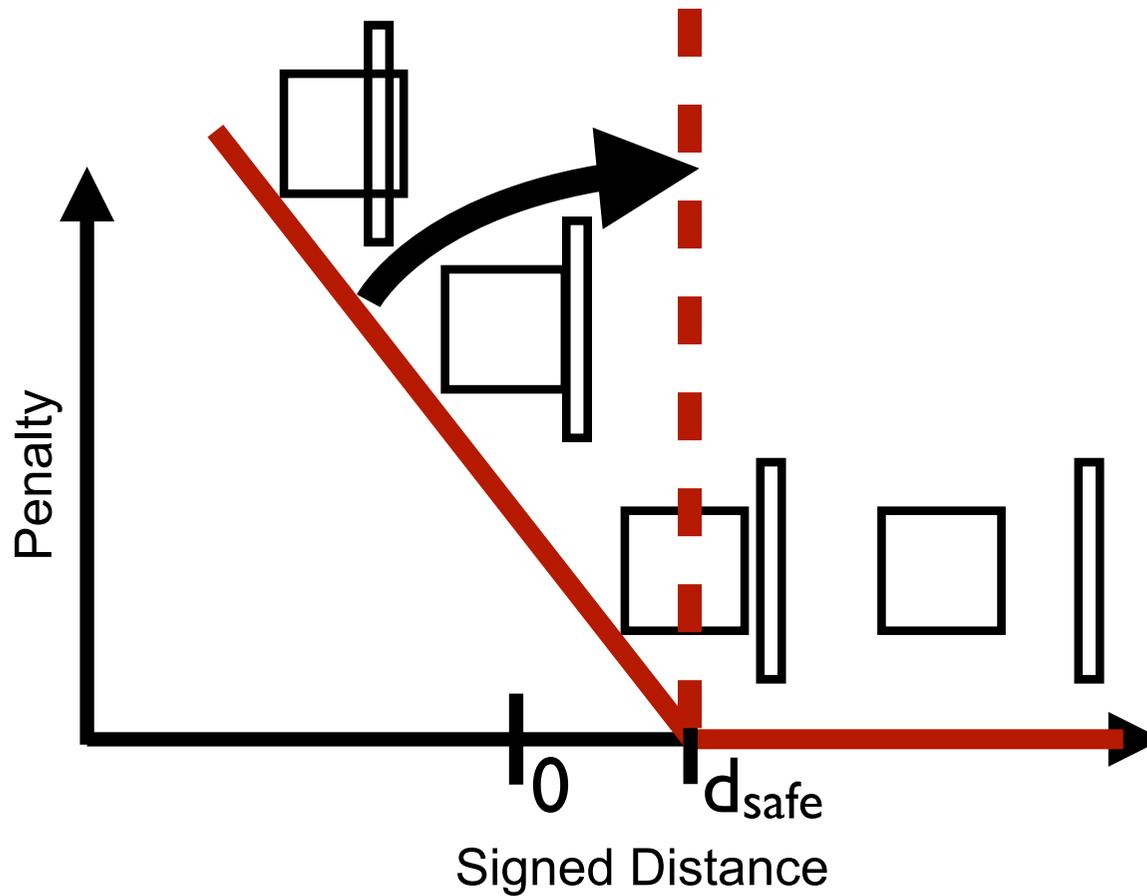
other constraints

- Sequential convex optimization
  - Repeatedly solve local convex approximation
- Challenge
  - Approximating collision constraint

# Collision Constraint as L1 Penalty



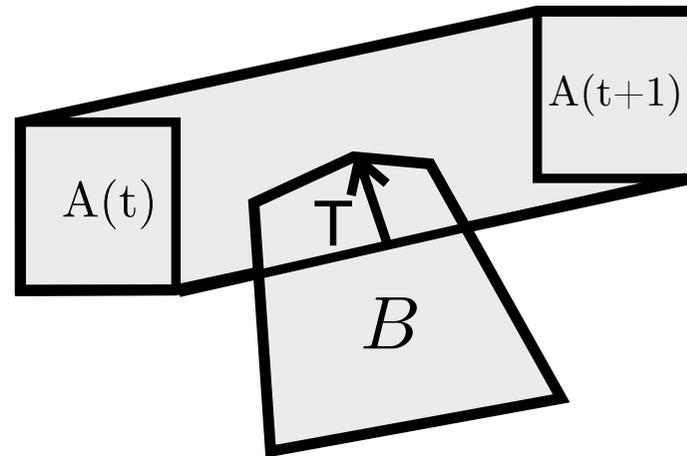
# Collision Constraint as L1 Penalty



Linearize w.r.t. degrees of freedom

$$\text{sd}_{AB}(\boldsymbol{\theta}) \approx \text{sd}_{AB}(\boldsymbol{\theta}_0) + \hat{\mathbf{n}}^T J_{\mathbf{p}_A}(\boldsymbol{\theta}_0)(\boldsymbol{\theta} - \boldsymbol{\theta}_0)$$

# Continuous-Time Safety

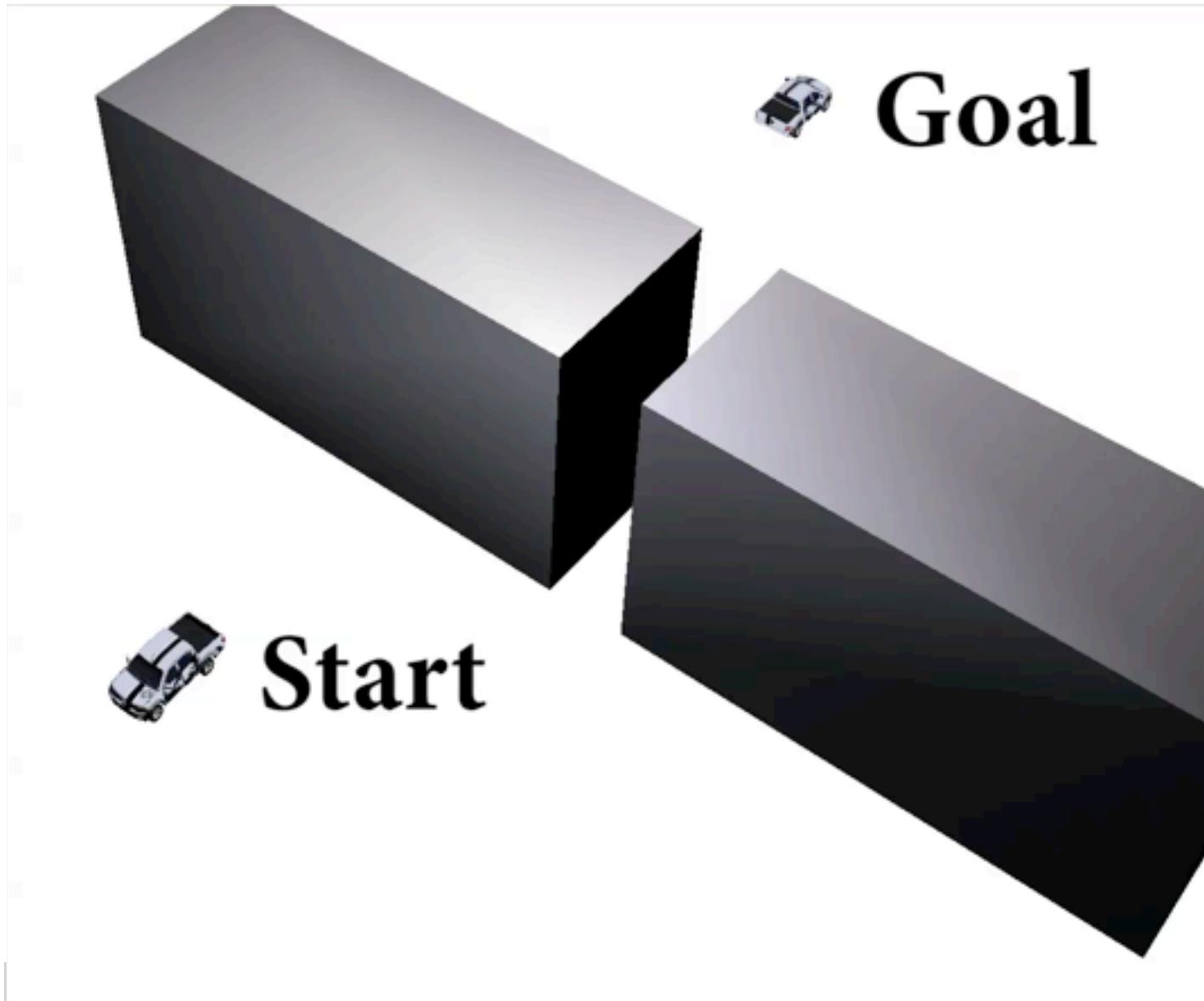


Collision check against swept-out volume

- Continuous-time collision avoidance
- Allows coarsely sampling trajectory
  - overall faster
- Finds better local optima

# Optimization: Toy Example

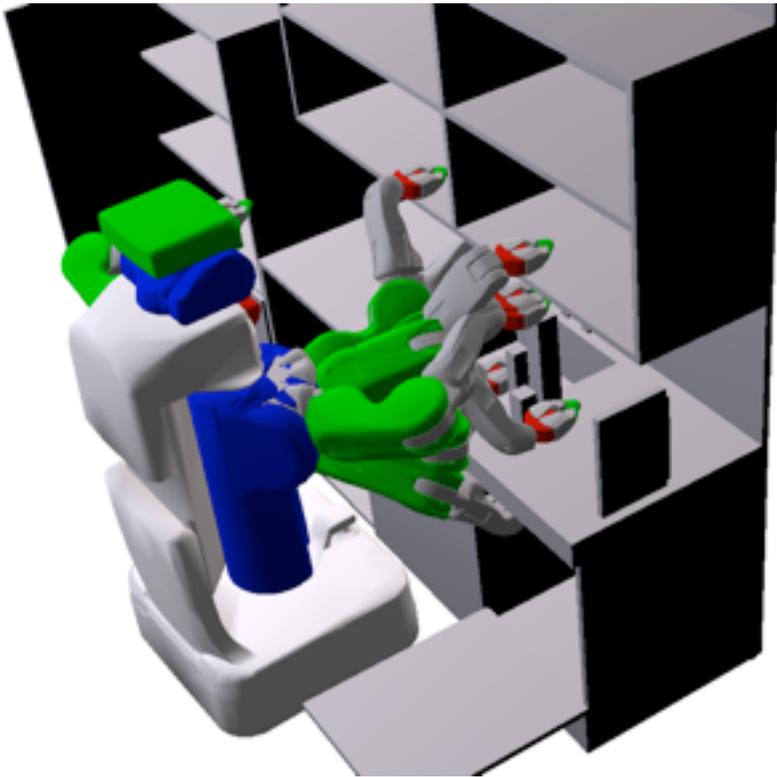
# Optimization: Toy Example



# Benchmark: Example Scenes

7 DOF (one arm)

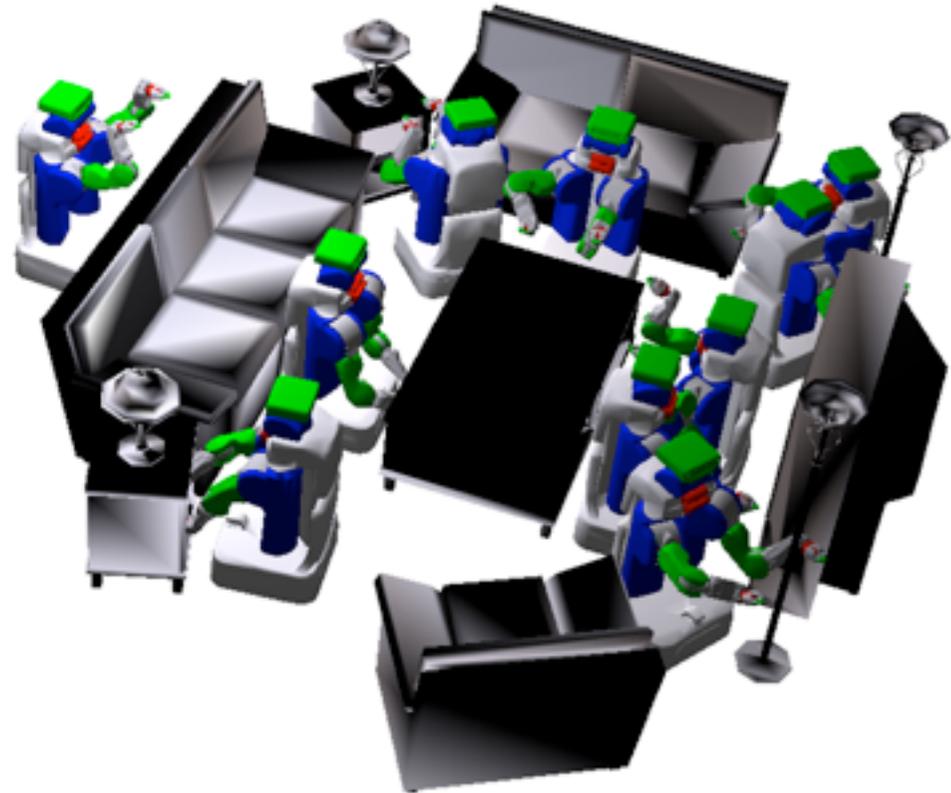
198 problems



example scene (taken from MoveIt collection)

18 DOF (two arms + base + torso)

96 problems



example scene (imported from Trimble 3d Warehouse / Google Sketchup)

# Benchmark Results

Arm planning (7 DOF) 10s limit			
	Trajopt	BiRRT (*)	CHOMP
success	99%	97%	85%
time (s)	0.32	1.2	6.0
path length	1.2	1.6	2.6

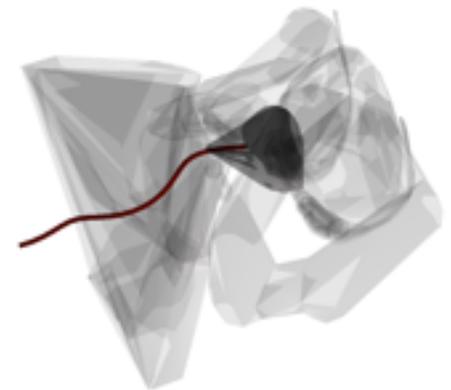
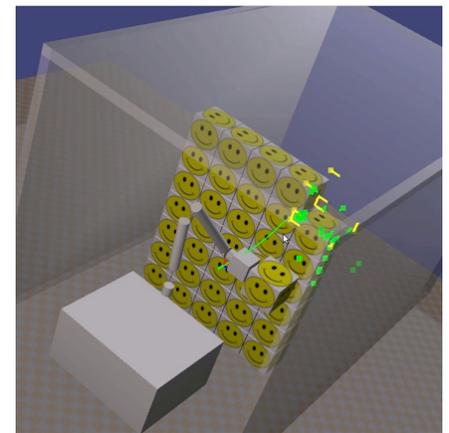
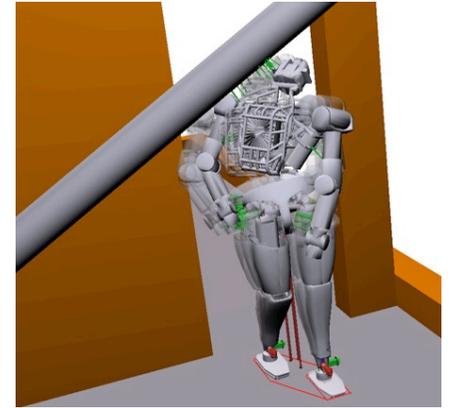
Full body (18 DOF) 30s limit			
	Trajopt	BiRRT (*)	CHOMP (**)
success	84%	53%	N/A
time (s)	7.6	18	N/A
path length	1.1	1.6	N/A

(\*) Top-performing algorithm from MoveIt/OMPL

(\*\*) Not supported in available implementation

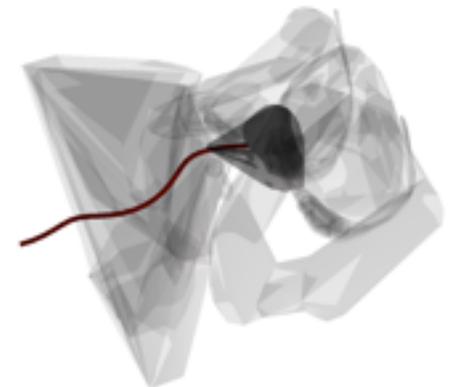
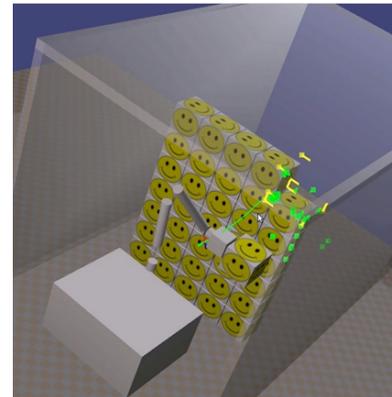
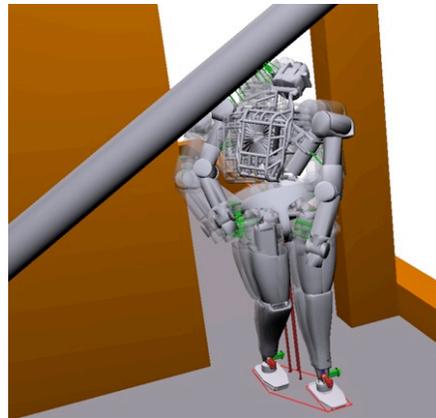
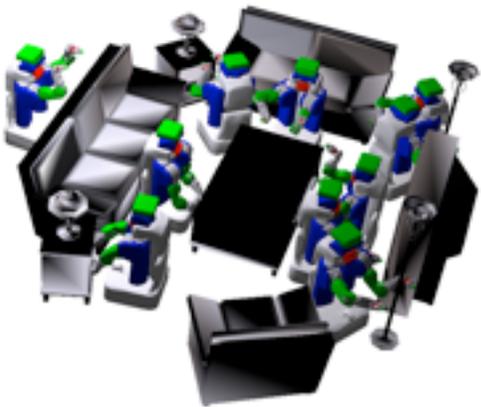
# Other Experiments -- Videos at Interactive Session

- Planning for 34-DOF humanoid (stability constraints)
- Box picking with industrial robot (orientation constraints)
- Constant-curvature 3D needle steering (non-holonomic constraint)



# Try it out yourself!

- Code and docs: [rll.berkeley.edu/trajopt](http://rll.berkeley.edu/trajopt)
- Run our benchmark: [github.com/joschu/planning\\_benchmark](https://github.com/joschu/planning_benchmark)



# Thanks!

- Code and docs: [rll.berkeley.edu/trajopt](http://rll.berkeley.edu/trajopt)
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